The Gazette is the Only Paper in Colorado Springs That Prints the News Every Day in the Week.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

WEATHER. Rain or snow and colder Thursday; Friday fair.

NO. 212—34TH YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1906 PRICE FIVE CENTS

MOYER-HAYWOOD HEARING POSTPONED TILL TOMORROW

Officials of W. F. of M. Taken Before Probate Judge at Caldwell, Idaho---All Refuse to Plead---Few Developments in Case.

Boise, Idaho, Feb. 21.—Charles H. Moyer, William D. Haywood and John Pettibone, leaders of the Western Federation of Miners, today appeared in Caldwell, where they were arraigned before the probate judge on an information charging them with the murder of former Governor Frank Steunenberg. Each of the prisoners stood mute, refusing to plead.

The proceedings in the cases of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone were brief. On the demand of their attorneys, E. F. Richardson, they were taken to Caldwell this morning and arraigned in the probate court for the setting of a date for their preliminary hearing.

Murder the Charge.

The warrant was read to each separately. It charged in the usual manner that the accused had murdered Frank Steunenberg on December 30 last by causing a bomb to explode against his person. An agreement was soon reached that the hearing should be postponed. The statute prescribes that it may be deferred two days at a time, but must be held in six days if the grand jury is in session. As a grand jury has been called to meet Saturday, the defense did not object to the case going before the body and the hearing was postponed until Friday. It is not likely that the grand jury will take up the case when it meets, as there are several cases awaiting action.

Objection Overruled.

Attorney Richardson maintained that the information against the prisoners was not sufficient, as the affidavit charged the commission of a crime in Caldwell, whereas Moyer had not been in the state of Idaho since October last, and the two other prisoners had not been in Idaho for years. There was in the information no word of conspiracy, he said. The court overruled his objection to the information and his motion for the dismissal of the prisoners. They were committed without bail. The three prisoners this afternoon were brought back to Boise and were again taken to the state penitentiary, where they will be kept in close confinement. They will be permitted to read books.

Police Interfere.

At the station in Boise it had been arranged to secure a picture of the men; but the police interposed, threatening to arrest the photographers. There has been no further developments in the case. Steve Adams, arrested at Haines, Ore., was not taken to Caldwell. Mr. Richardson stated he had no direction to conduct his defense, and the Oregon man was therefore left behind.

Sheriff Sutherland of Shoshone, accompanied by Captain Swaine, arrived here from Caldwell, where he left Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone in the county jail. He was met at the Waldorf-Astoria by a squad of detectives, who escorted him to the office of Jerome Hayes, the district attorney, in the Criminal Courts building.

Plans for Defense.

DENVER, Feb. 21.—A meeting of the executive board of the W. F. of M. probably will be called within a week to adopt plans for the defense of the officers now under arrest in Idaho.

James Kirwin, a member of the board, arrived here today from Deadwood, South Dakota.

"We will secure the best legal talent obtainable in the country," said Kirwin.

"The rank and file of the members of the federation believe in the innocence of their officers and will see that they have justice, if such a thing is procurable.

"The charges brought against our men are the same ones which have been trumped up by the mine owners so often in the past."

Acting Secretary Talks.

Acting Secretary James Kirwin gave out an interview tonight in which he characterized the arrest of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone as a further attempt to break up the federation. The prime object, he declared, was to compel the federation to drop its civil suits against nine owners of Colorado for damages growing out of the Colorado labor troubles of the past two or three years.

"These suits will be pushed," emphatically declared Mr. Kirwin, "as long as one member of the executive committee is left alive to see to it."

Mr. Kirwin said that a meeting of mine owners of western states was held secretly in this city about a month ago, when a million dollars was subscribed to be used in "further efforts to break up the Western Federation of Miners," that it was known to Moyer and Haywood that they were liable to be arrested at any moment on a "trumped up" charge, and that detectives had been put to work making a case against them as soon as possible after the meeting referred to; that the business of the federation was so arranged that any member of the executive committee could take charge.

Mr. Kirwin asserted that the federation has a million dollars available for the defense of the leaders and the very best legal talent would be engaged, both for the Idaho trials and the civil suits against mine owners. In addition to this, contributions are coming in; two of $5,000 each having been re-

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A. M. BARD MURDERED

SAID TO HAVE BEEN VICTIM OF FOUL PLAY IN BRUSSELS.

SPECIAL DETECTIVE RETURNS WITH YOUNG MAN'S PROPERTY—CASE MYSTERIOUS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—[Special.] Alfred M. Bard, a nephew of former United States Senator Bard of California, was reported completely "out of sight" in Brussels, Belgium, and that he is believed to have met his death through foul play, was the statement made today by Detective John J. Fogarty. Mr. Fogarty arrived here today on the steamer Zeeland from Antwerp after six weeks spent in Belgium in a fruitless search for the missing young man. He returned without having found a trace of Bard dead or alive, but with the conviction that the young man has been murdered.

Young Bard was an accomplished violinist and went to Brussels in August to take instructions from a master of that instrument. Fogarty brought back, among other effects of the missing man, two valuable violins owned by Bard. They were found in Bard's room in the Brussels house where he lived.

Bard intended to return to America by a steamer leaving Antwerp on October 2, last. He had written to his uncle, Senator Bard, as to the ship on which he intended to sail from Antwerp. The senator was at the pier in this city to meet him, but he did not appear among the passengers. Senator Bard cabled the Brussels police asking them to look for his nephew and also asked the New York detective bureau to take up the search. Fogarty was detailed to the case and he was given a leave of absence to go to Europe to continue the search.

In Bard's room Fogarty found the young man's violins, music, clothing and other effects. At the hotel he learned that just before Bard intended to sail for New York he had drawn out his deposit of $1,000 in the Brussels bank where he did business. He learned, too, that the young man had become intensely interested during his short stay in Brussels in a young Frenchwoman, a music student like himself, and who lived in the same hotel. The officer also made an unsuccessful search for the young woman. Before leaving for Washington to report to young Bard's family, Fogarty was asked:

"Where is Bard?"

"I don't know," he replied.

"Is he dead?"

"Yes."

"Did he meet with foul play?"

"Yes, I think he did; I could not find a trace of him. The matter is now in the hands of the king's prosecuting attorney in Brussels."

ORDER OF MERIT.

TOKIO, Feb. 21.—Prince Arthur of Connaught today invested Admirals Togo and Field Marshals Symagata and Oyama with the Order of Merit.

PURE FOOD BILL PASSES

SENATE FINALLY DISPOSES OF MEASURE BY A VOTE OF 63 TO 4.

THE MANUFACTURE OR DEALING IN ADULTERATED OR MISBRANDED GOODS A MISDEMEANOR.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—After 15 years of more or less agitation, consideration of the subject, the senate today passed a pure food bill by an decisive vote of 63 to 4. The vote was taken after a day devoted almost exclusively to debate of a desultory character on the measure. Several efforts were made to amend the bill, and the committee accepted a number of such efforts, but only those thus accepted were incorporated in the bill.

The bill makes it a misdemeanor to manufacture or sell adulterated or misbranded foods, drugs, medicines or liquors in the District of Columbia, the territories and the insular possessions of the United States, and prohibits the shipment of such goods from one state to another or to a foreign country. It also prohibits the receipt of such goods. Punishment by fine of $500 or by imprisonment for one year or both is prescribed. In the case of corporations, officials in charge are made responsible.

The treasury department and the departments of agriculture and of commerce and labor are required to agree upon regulations for the collection and examination of the articles covered by the bill, but no specific provision is made for investigation except by the department of agriculture. The bill also defines foods, drugs, medicines and liquors and also defines the standards for them. There is an exemption for dealers who furnish guaranties against adulteration and misbranding.

MAY USE HIS VETO POWER

PRESIDENT WON'T ATTEMPT TO PREVENT AMENDMENT OF RATE BILL.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE HELD AT WHITE HOUSE TODAY ATTENDED BY SENATOR ALDRICH.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—When the senate committee on interstate commerce meets on Friday to vote on a rate bill, the announcement will be made authoritatively that President Roosevelt will not attempt to prevent amendment of the Hepburn bill; that he will leave the committee free to exercise its best judgment; that if a bill is reported which does not meet his approval and in that form is passed by congress, he will content himself to exercise his veto power.

This announcement was made as the result of a conference here today between the most active persons supporting the house bill without amendment, but will be delivered to the committee by a senator who has supported an amendment providing for judicial review of any order of the Interstate Commerce commission.

The conference at the White house was one of many that have been held there in the last week for the discussion of the railroad rate question. It was attended by Senator Dolliver and Senator Clapp, Speaker Cannon, Representative Hepburn and Attorney General Moody. They had under consideration an amendment said to have been drafted by Senator Knox and revised by the attorney general. The draft in its revised form, however, is

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A STRIKE IS INEVITABLE

PRESIDENT JOHN MITCHELL GIVES OUT STATEMENTS AT PITTSBURG.

WAR NOTICE TO BITUMINOUS COAL FIELDS—TALKS OF PARRY AGAIN.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21.—President John Mitchell gave out a statement tonight in which he said:

"The miners convention of district No. 5, having removed the president, vice president, secretary-treasurer and executive board, the national organization recognizes their right to do so. Mr. Dolan is no longer president of district No. 5 of the United Mine Workers.

"Pending the result of the election which has been ordered, I have appointed a committee of three to take charge of the organization work in this district."

President Dolan, on being informed of the move made by Mitchell, stated that he would still continue to business as the legally-elected head of the district.

President Mitchell left this city for New York at 10:15 tonight. Before boarding his train he said:

"A strike in the bituminous fields is inevitable."

Francis Robbins, chairman of the executive board of the Pittsburg City [illegible] left on the same train.

A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION

MONOPOLY OF COAL AND OIL BUSINESS MAY BE PROBED TO THE BOTTOM.

SENATE COMMITTEE WANTS TO KNOW RELATION OF RAILROADS TO THESE INDUSTRIES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—At the suggestion of Senator Tillman, the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce made an amendment today in the resolution for the investigation of the alleged monopoly of coal and oil. As the resolution was originally framed it provided for an investigation by the Interstate Commerce commission as to whether railroads own the coal and oil they haul, but it was the purpose of the committee to extend the investigation definitely to all ownership of mines and oil properties. To make the resolution clearer an amendment was accepted which specifically provides for the investigation of the ownership of coal and oil companies.

The following report has been prepared by Representative Townsend at the request of the committee to accompany the resolution:

"This resolution amends senate resolution 32 by including all kinds of coal and oil and the investigation of the railroad interests, ownership and control of coal and other lands and properties and by excluding all other products.

"It is recommended by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce that charges from what seem to be reliable sources have been made against various railroad companies engaged in interstate commerce to the effect that such companies have an interest either directly or indirectly in coal and oil which they carry to the disadvantage of competing owners, that they or their officers have an interest or ownership directly or otherwise in coal and oil properties served by their roads; and through the distribution of cars and the furnishing of facilities of transportation and shipment, discriminate against the so-called independent owners; that by intercorporate ownership of the stock of other carriers of coal and oil, together with ownership of such stock is obtained and the combinations in restraint of trade and commerce are formed which do an injustice to independent shippers of coal and oil and great wrong to the consumers of those products. If upon investigation such charges are established by facts, the congress should be informed thereof to the end that it may understand if such companies are violating federal laws and whether any additional legislation is necessary.

"The Interstate Commerce commission is instructed to make the investigation for the reason that it is organized for the work and somewhat familiar with the conditions to be investigated. The commission is required to report from time to time in order that congress may be informed and the house enabled to take such action as the situation may seem to demand."

PRESIDENT TALKS OF INSURANCE LAWS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The president today talked about uniform state insurance laws with a delegation representing the commission inquiring into that work. The president expressed his interest in the work.

DRAMATIC SCENE IN COURT ROOM

WIFE OF RUSSIAN PRISONER THREATENS TO KILL HERSELF IF HUSBAND IS MURDERED.

OTCHAKOFF, Russia, Feb. 21.—During the trial of Lieutenant Schmidt by a military and naval court martial here for connection with the naval mutiny of last June, Schmidt's counsel objected to three of the judges on the ground that they had been captains of ships which bombarded the cruiser Otchakoff, commanded by the prisoner. Counsel also asked that the prisoner's relatives be admitted to the court and for permission to summon experts on mental diseases. The court refused the requests, whereupon Schmidt, in a hysterical seizure, fainted. His wife rushed into the court and cried, "If you hang my husband I shall shoot myself."

Otchakoff has been proclaimed under martial law and patrols are searching everyone, even counsel for Lieutenant Schmidt and the others who are on trial with him.

KING OSCAR STARTS ON TRIP TO GERMANY.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 21.—King Oscar started for Germany today.

ELECTION RESULTS

Vote Polled in Pittsburg the Heaviest Ever Known.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21.—George W. Guthrie, candidate of the Citizens party, the Civic league and the Democratic party, who was elected mayor of Pittsburg yesterday over his Republican opponent Alexander H. Jenkinson, has tonight a majority of about 2,700. This is with five districts missing. The Republicans, however, will control the councils.

The vote polled yesterday was the heaviest ever known, even in a presidential election and was over 62,000.

Charles F. Kirschner, Republican candidate for mayor of Allegheny, who defeated Captain B. Logan, the Good Government [illegible] by a majority of [illegible]. After [illegible]

THE RELIGIOUS ASPECT OF EDUCATION NEEDS EMPHASIS

Mission of the Christian College Is Keynote of Fourth Annual Conference of Colleges of Interior. Program for Today.

General William J. Palmer will entertain the delegates to the conference of colleges at Glen Eyrie this afternoon, and on tomorrow afternoon the college presidents will view the scenic attractions around the city in automobiles as the guests of Colorado college.

The fourth annual conference of the colleges of the interior was opened yesterday morning at Colorado college. This is an important gathering of representatives of twenty-six colleges, chiefly of this great central section of the country, to discuss, for mutual helpfulness, the problems which, as colleges and not universities, they have in common.

Keynote of Conference.

The keynote of the conference was struck by President W. H. Sallmon of Carleton college, in the devotional exercises with which the session opened, when he spoke of the Christian college. In a very clear and telling address, he pointed out the opportunities which the Christian college has, the need for such work, as it alone can do, the growing public demand that that work be done, and the dangers which must be avoided.

The state universities with a faculty, some of whose members are religious, some non-religious, some irreligious, can only incidentally, and chiefly through its Y. M. C. A. set forth religious ideals. But the religious influence of the Y. M. C. A. of a great institution does not begin to permeate the student body. That influence must all the more, therefore, be fostered in the private college.

Religious Influence Needed.

Never as now has the public morality demanded, as a protection against the debasement of ideals, that a strong emphasis be laid on the religious aspect of education. In the college every member of the faculty should be a Christian; in the chapel service, we should give to the student body the religious and devotional element so often lacking; the instruction in literature, history, science, all branches should be kept through with religious influence. The class room affords opportunity for the enforcement of religious truth as the teacher in a state university would not dare to enforce them.

But even the college has dangers here to face. We have felt the influence of the German university ideal, which, dedicating self-government, self-control, leaves to the student body the initiation in the religious life. This is revolutionary. It means a sacrifice of moral leadership and of a sacrifice of the highest mission a Christian college can have. The college president should be to his faculty a moral leader, and personally and through direction of his faculty, to his students. There is need of just such gatherings as this to emphasize the religious ideal.

In the organization of the conference, President H. T. Main, Ph. D., of Iowa college, was chosen president. President P. U. Lancaster of Olivet college was elected vice president, and Professor Fairchild was elected secretary.

Culture vs. Specialization.

President Slocum, in his opening address, took a line of thought similar to that of President Sallmon. It is coming to be recognized that the college has a distinct place. It used to be thought that it was a pioneer, that the university would absorb the college, and the college must accept the situation. Now opinion has changed. We shall never, to be sure, lose our relation to other educational movements, but we must recognize and express our place, our function, a sacred trust put into our hands years ago when the intellectual and moral life of the west was being established. The college was founded with a distinct intellectual, moral, religious ideal, and that trust is passed on to us.

Education for Its Own Sake.

The function of a college is to emphasize the value of education for its own sake. We must not let ourselves lose the idea of culture, and drift into specialization. Our work is too important. This group of colleges represents thousands of young men and women. It means much when men like Dr. Pearsons, Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Rockefeller say they want to keep the colleges. We must stand upon our feet and remember how sacred is our trust.

If we believe in the college ideal, however great the difficulties of administration, there is courage in the thought of a noble constituency behind us. It is better to have that than to draw money from the state treasury.

The union in the college of the intellect and the religious motives gives just the conditions for leadership—our preeminent opportunity.

A Sacred Trust.

How shall we secure leadership? By standing for our sacred trust. It is our business to train young men and women for spiritual leadership. Unless we can do that, our work is not worth

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GREAT BRITAIN IS PESSIMISTIC

EXPECTS ALGECIRAS CONFERENCE TO END SOON IN A DISAGREEMENT.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—Great Britain is still pessimistic in respect to the Moroccan conference. The officials here believe the delegates must leave Algeciras without solving the question of policing Morocco unless Germany withdraws her demands for international control of police. Some surprise is expressed at the fact that France should have even proposed giving Spain a hand in officering the police, but the British officials cannot see where France can further yield toward German views. In some quarters it is believed that Germany at the last moment, finding all the powers excepting possibly Austria are sympathizing with France, will agree to the compromise offered by the French delegates. On this account France will be urged to allow a continuance of the conference giving the representatives of the powers an opportunity of expressing their views on the subject upon which Germany and France could not agree.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—The Cologne Gazette today expresses the opinion that a possible solution of the Morocco police question lies in the appointment of French and Spanish officers over a native force, the officers themselves to be under an inspection belonging to some neutral power but is the Moroccan service.

The suggestion is significant as probably reflecting the final effort of Germany to satisfy France's wishes. The Gazette also says an agreement between France and Germany had been subsequently secured on the bank question but the French representatives suddenly assume an irreconcilable position under strong pressure from outside sources.

REPORT OF EXPLOSION PROBABLY UNTRUE.

LONDON, Feb. 21. No confirmation has been received up to the present time of the reported explosion at the British barracks at Khartoum, as published in a dispatch from Cairo to the Evening News on Tuesday. It is now believed that the report is untrue.

INQUIRY ADJOURNED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—An adjournment of the Missouri inquiry into the Standard Oil company was taken tonight until Friday, tomorrow being a legal holiday. [illegible]

MINING MAN IS FOULLY MURDERED

JOHN TAYLOR, OF GILPIN COUNTY, IS FOUND DEAD NEAR DENVER CITY.

DENVER, Feb. 21.—John Taylor, a mining man of Gilpin county, was found dead today in a pool of water near Riverside cemetery. A bullet hole in his head, with indications that it was made by a shot fired at some distance, and the position of the body, convinced the police that Taylor was murdered.

Taylor had been stopping at the Grand Central hotel for several days and spent money lavishly. He was well supplied with funds and received several remittances from his partners. It is thought he was murdered for his money. Carriage tracks leading into the pool were found. The spot where the pool of water now stands had been dry until yesterday and it is believed the pool was made by running water out of a ditch nearby. One theory is that the water was started over the ground to cover up the body and other evidences of the crime.

PRESS ALARMED

COLLECTIVE CHANGES IN RUSSIAN CABINET VIEWED WITH FEAR.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 21.—The press generally regards the changes in the cabinet with alarm, as a decided check for the progressive wing and as a return to the ancient paths. The resignation of M. Timiriazeff, the minister of commerce, is taken as an indication of the abandonment of the policy of conciliation of the working-men which was fathered by the conservatives. The Slovo and Novoe Vremya joined today in a bitter attack on the government, the Slovo declaring that the government is doing its best to drive the workmen into the arms of the socialists and revolutionaries, and adding that an evil genius full of reaction has returned to earth and is reincarnated in the person of Interior Minister Durnovo.

WILLIAM N. EGAN RESIGNS PRESIDENCY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—At a stormy meeting of the directors of the Jackson Trust and Savings bank today, President William N. Egan resigned his position.

The run on the bank is about over and it was announced from the directors' meeting that the institution [illegible]

ARIZONA MINE STILL ON FIRE

HEROIC EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO SUBDUE FLAMES—ONE SHAFT CAVES IN.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 21.—A special to the Herald this afternoon from Globe, Arizona, says that the bodies of Jos Ikenberry, Jo Artissey and John James, who met death last night, probably never will be recovered. All the apartments have been bulkheaded off and miners are making heroic efforts to subdue the flames. They cannot reach the pumps on some levels, however, and it is feared the mine will be flooded and it will take months to extinguish the fire.

GLOBE, Ariz., Feb. 21.—The tenth-level pumps, which raised over a million and a half gallons in 24 hours, have been running for 12 hours without attention, it being impossible for men to reach the station owing to the gas. Unless the station can be reached within the next few hours and the pumps oiled and given attention, it is feared they will stop working, which would make the danger of the mine flooding imminent. The interloper shaft in which the fire occurred caved in at 9 o'clock.

A DOUBLE MURDER

Indian Woman and Her Child Victims of Foul Play.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 21.—A special dispatch to the Telegram from North Yakima says that a double murder was discovered four miles northeast of Fort Simcoe, on the Yakima Indian reservation today, the victims being Susie Buchanan, an Indian woman and her two-year-old child.

The bodies were found by Sam Askheo, an Indian. He found the woman and her child dead in bed with their skulls crushed. The motive for the murders is a mystery but it is supposed that the Buchanan woman was mistaken by her murderer for another woman who will be a witness in a murder [illegible]

A BIG TENT FOR MME. BERNHARDT

NOTED ACTRESS PREPARES FOR TRIP THROUGH TEXAS AND CALIFORNIA IS ANNOUNCED.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 21.—W. E. Gorman, representing the management of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt, today purchased a new, fully equipped circus tent which will be used in those cities and Texas and probably of California in which first class theaters cannot be obtained. The tent will seat 4,750 people. The seats are canvas chairs, arranged in sections as in a theater. The canvas theater will be lighted by electricity. The Texas cities in which Mme. Bernhardt plays are Dallas, Fort Worth, Austin, Waco, San Antonio, Galveston and Houston and she will use the tent only where the theaters are closed to her. Trained circus men will handle the tent. The 25-week engagement of Mme. Bernhardt has been extended in order to give more time to the Pacific coast.

A FATAL WRECK

TWO MAIL CLERKS KILLED ON SOUTHERN PACIFIC SOUTHBOUND AT DELTA, CAL.

REDDING, Cal., Feb. 21.—Southbound express train No 15 on the Southern Pacific railroad was partially derailed by a landslide near Delta last night. Two persons were killed and a few injured, though others had narrow escapes.

The dead are:

DENNIS O'NEIL, of Dunsmuir.

JAMES T. KEISER, a printer of Spokane, Wash.

The injured are: Engineer [illegible] wicks, fireman James Fetts, baggageman Richard Miller, Mail Clerk Naunken.

GRAND ARMY CHAPLAIN DIES AT CHAPMAN, KAN.

CHAPMAN, Kan., Feb. 21.—Rev. Father J. F. Lisry, chaplain-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died tonight after a long illness, aged 61 years. He was born at Ogdensburg, N. Y.

EX-AMBASSADOR IS STILL UNDER ARREST.

HONOLULU, Feb. 21.—A board of survey found that the unworthiness of the [illegible] Japan which cargo [illegible] by [illegible] at Honolulu. After [illegible]

STILL CONSIDERING DIVORCE QUESTION

CAUSES FOR SUIT TO BE CLASSIFIED FOR THE APPROVAL OF ALL STATES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The congress on uniform divorce laws for the several states and territories today expressed itself in favor of all the hearings and trials in divorce cases in open court. The congress adopted a resolution specifying causes for divorces.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The congress on uniform divorce laws today discussed the report of the committee on resolutions submitted yesterday, embracing various recommendations regarding marriage and divorce. It was decided by a considerable majority that not less than two years' residence should be required on the part of a plaintiff who has changed his or her state domicile since the cause of divorce arose, where jurisdiction depends on the residence of the plaintiff.

A warm discussion was precipitated over the following section of the report:

"An innocent and injured party, husband or wife, seeking divorce should not be compelled to ask for a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony, but should be allowed at his or her option to apply for divorce from bed and board."

A number of women left the room when Miss Fannie Leake Cumnock of the state of Washington declared that the resolution would put a premium on vice and produced statistics in support of her argument. The resolution was finally adopted with an amendment allowing the innocent party to apply for divorce from bed and board "at any time."

The congress adopted [illegible] the resolution providing for classification of causes for divorce into certain groups that would be approved by [illegible] mon consent of all communities [illegible] vited in the constitution or statutes [illegible] m.

KANSAS REPUBLICANS CONVENTION ON MAY [illegible]

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 21.—The Republican state convention will be held in Topeka on May 3. This was the total of the [illegible] state central committee at its meeting here [illegible] the question of [illegible]

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MOYER-HAYWOOD HEARING POSTPONED

(Continued from Page 1)

ceived today from New York and Illinois.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 21.—No hearing was held in the district court today on a writ of habeas corpus issued yesterday by Judge W. P. Seeds in the case of Edward Green, a miner, who was arrested on Monday night and against whom no charges have been filed. Attorneys for Sheriff Edward Bell and for Green conferred with Judge Seeds in chambers today regarding the case, and it was agreed that Green should go free on Friday next unless charges against him were sworn out before that day.

Sheriff Bell said today that Green was arrested on information received from Idaho but for a crime committed in Colorado and that he will not be taken to Idaho.

In interviews today Detective James Mosriand made further charges against the officers and members of the Western Federation of Miners under arrest in Idaho, saying they had plotted to kill David H. Moffat, Dennis Sheedy, F. J. Hearne and William G. Evans, bankers, mining men and capitalists of this city, in addition to former Governor James H. Peabody, Chief Justice William H. Gilbert, Justice Luther M. Goddard and former Adjutant General Sherman M. Bell. The detective did not give his reasons for making such charges.

NO CHARGES AGAINST BUFFALO'S MAYOR

BUFFALO, Feb. 21.—No charge of any kind has been preferred against J. N. Adams, Buffalo's new mayor. An announcement recently to the contrary was an error. The governor has not been asked to remove Mayor Adams. Charges recently were preferred against the old superintendent of police, who resigned.

MAY USE HIS VETO POWER

(Continued From Page 1)

said not to be satisfactory to its author. It was offered in a spirit of compromise and the president and attorney general wanted to know whether it would be acceptable to the members of congress who are making a fight to prevent the adoption of any amendment which they believe would interfere with the execution of the measure they purpose to enact into law.

Briefly stated, the amendment aimed to give to any complainant authority to file a petition in a circuit court asserting that a rate fixed by the commission was in fact illegal, or that an order of the commission was in reality unlawful, and authorizes the court to hear this, but to decide whether the commission acted within its authority and whether the constitutional rights of the plaintiff had been violated.

As they had previously announced they would do all they could, the conference made a firm stand for the Hepburn bill in its present form and said that none of the amendments suggested seemed to be an improvement. They said that if the bill specified the conditions under which complaint could be taken into court, the court might refuse to take cognizance of matters not specified in the bill. They said they preferred to leave open every feature upon which an aggrieved person might desire to go into court. Attorney General Moody, it is said, contended that the Hepburn bill is constitutional and that there is no danger of its being overturned by the United States supreme court.

After Senators Dolliver and Clapp returned to the capital, they told certain colleagues that they would go into the committee on Friday and make a firm stand to have the bill reported without amendment. When asked concerning the attitude of the president, they said that they believed he is satisfied with the bill as it stands but that it is too much to say that he is opposed to any amendments whatever. The president was described by them as ready to consider any amendments that might be offered and willing to listen to any proposition up to the time the bill is placed on its final passage. They said that if anything should be brought forward which, in the opinion of friends of the bill, would better it and not obstruct its operation, the president would give it careful study.

Conservative members of the committee assert that they have the necessary votes to amend the Hepburn bill if they are left free to exercise their individual judgment so that they will not be put in the position of opposing the president's policy. Under these conditions it is said that Senators Elkins, Foraker, Crane, Kean, Aldrich, Carmack, Foster and McLaurin will vote for an amendment providing for judicial review. Seven votes is a majority of the committee. Senators Cullom and Carmack will not be present when the committee meets on Friday, but as Senator Cullom is opposed to amendment, this will not affect the result. An informal meeting of the committee will be held tomorrow.

DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS are cheap, convenient, certain and harmless. Cheap, as one dose is usually sufficient to relieve the pain. Convenient, being little tablets, that you can always carry, and take as you would a lozenge. Certain, because they cure by soothing the irritated nerves. Harmless, as they contain no harmful drugs. 25 tiets. 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

BLACKBURN SAYS HE IS INNOCENT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Representative Blackburn authorized a denial "in toto" of the charges contained in the indictments returned against him today at Asheville, N. C., alleging that he practiced before the treasury department and received fees for such services in violation of the law. Mr. Blackburn declares that he has not committed any offense. He declined to answer specifically the charges tonight, but will make a statement to congress giving all the facts in the case.

ALL SEALING VESSELS ARE TO BE INSPECTED

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 21.—The inspection of all vessels in Seattle harbor will begin Friday morning, February 23. This is in accordance with instructions from the secretary of the navy, acting on the request of the secretary of commerce and labor made through recommendations of the commission now investigating the Valencia affair. Special attention will be directed to the fire fighting apparatus and the life saving equipment on the ships.

RECORDS BROKEN

AMATEUR SWIMMERS COMPETE IN VARIOUS EVENTS AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Expert amateur swimmers took part in the initial session of the Amateur Athletic union's indoors swimming and water polo championship at the New York A. C. tonight. One world's record was established and several American records were broken. San Francisco, St. Louis, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland and Philadelphia had representatives, but the honors went to C. N. Daniels of the N. Y. A. C., who lowered the world's record of 32 1-5 seconds for 60 yards indoors, held by Cecil Healy of Australia. Daniels' time was 31 1-5 seconds.

Incidentally during the contest, which was decided in heats, Daniels made new figures for intermediate distances as follows: 25 yards, 12 seconds, and 40 yards, 19 3-5 seconds. E. H. Adams of N. Y. A. C. equaled his own American record of 69 feet for the plunging championship.

OUTLOOK UNFAVORABLE

Moroccan Reform Conference Expected to Terminate at Any Time.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The statement was made in official quarters today that proposals and counter proposals are being made at the conference at Algeciras, but that the outlook is not quite so favorable as it was two days ago. So far the officials have not been advised of the intention of the conference to terminate its session within a fortnight. Of course, if it has reached the point that it is possible to fix a date absolutely for the adjustment, that fact might be construed as making certain the failure of the conference. But the officials here are far from hopeless and indeed still feel that the neutral powers may bring together France and Germany.

APPOINTMENT HELD TO BE SIGNIFICANT.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—According to the correspondent at Shanghai of the Morning Post the Taotai of Shanghai has been appointed governor of Peking, a high honor and significant in view of the recent conflict over the foreign courts of Shanghai.

EQUITABLE BUILDING AT LITTLE ROCK BURNS.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 21.—The four upper floors of the office building of the Equitable Life Assurance society at the corner of Jefferson and Main streets, occupied almost exclusively by attorneys, were gutted by fire tonight. Loss $200,000.

NEW YORK LIFE IS CRITICISED

MISSOURI SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE DENOUNCES ACTION OF AGENTS.

SAYS THEY ARE SHOWING BAD FAITH IN SOLICITING PROXIES FOR ELECTION OF TRUSTEE.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 21.—State Superintendent of Insurance Vandiver tonight made public a letter he sent today to the general solicitor of the New York Life Insurance company in which he charges that the action of the company in allowing its agents to solicit on a wholesale scale proxies for use in the election of a board of trustees, is an act of bad faith. The letter in part follows:

"The printed forms of proxies which policy holders are asked to sign are in the names of John Claflin, C. S. Strauss and C. H. Mackay—all three members of the board of trustees under whose management, or lack of management, the gross extravagance, graft and other forms of illegal disbursements grew to scandalous proportions. Now they ask policy holders to give them proxies to re-elect themselves.

"Perhaps your army of agents may collect proxies enough to do this, but in my judgment it is an act of bad faith on the part of the company and renders it difficult, if not impossible, for any except those in control of the machinery of the company to exert any appreciable influence in its management. It may not be in my power to prevent the consummation of this scheme, but I feel it is my duty to protest against it and to let policy holdres of Missouri know that the theory of mutual control of the New York Life is a farce so long as the present methods are in vogue."

ELKS STEIN SOCIAL

One Hundred Seventy Mugs Given Lodge for Decoration Purposes.

Members of Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, B. P. O. E., and visitors making the total number 250 enjoyed an evening in Germany at the Elks' club rooms last night. Officially it was termed a stein social. Each Elk appeared with a stein which was presented to the lodge after the session, for decorative purposes. The 170 steins which were given to the lodge were of various kinds and sizes, but none of them leaked. Music was given by the band and individual members of the lodge. The committee in charge consisted of Mark Raftry, S. N. Nye and James Cromwell.

RESTLESS NIGHTS are due to an exhausted, turbulent condition of the nervous system. Your sleep will be sound and refreshing if you will take one of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills on going to bed or when you awaken in the night. They soothe the nerves and sleep quickly follows. They are perfectly harmless if taken as directed. Sold by druggists. 25 doses 25c. Never sold in bulk.

JOHANN HOCH TO HANG FRIDAY

GOVERNOR DENEEN DENIES PETITION FOR COMMUTATION OF SENTENCE TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Feb. 21.—Governor Deneen, acting on recommendation of the state board of pardons, today denied Johann Hoch's petition for a commutation of his sentence to life imprisonment.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Hoch had been confident that he would be granted either a pardon or a new trial, and the news that a commutation of sentence had been denied him came as a great surprise. He recovered his composure quickly and remarked quietly: "All right. I have nothing to say about it."

Later Hoch consented to talk more about the action of the board of pardons in declining to recommend that he be granted a reprieve.

"I have been sacrificed," he said, "to save the reputations of three men—State's Attorney Healy, Assistant State's Attorney Olsen and Governor Deneen. Justice is all a mockery. If I had been tried on that evidence before the czar of Russia, I would have been acquitted. I am innocent, just as innocent as Assistant United States Attorney Healy or Governor Deneen, but they have ordered that my life shall be taken to give them a reputation. Had I been acquitted or given a life sentence the people would have laughed at them. Never mind, Johann Hoch is not dead yet and he will have justice."

After making this statement, Hoch turned to enter his cell. As he did so, he looked back and laughed sarcastically, saying: "Ha, ha, ha. They are going to hang Johann Hoch."

STATE'S ATTORNEY DOUGLAS GIVES NOMINATION FOR CONGRESS

LANCASTER, Ohio, Feb. 21.—Albert Douglas was today nominated for congress over General Grosvenor on first ballot by 78 to 70.

The man who defeated General Grosvenor is 53 years old, and a lawyer at Chillicothe. He graduated at Kenyon college in 1872, and at the Harvard law school at 1874. He married Lucia C. Taylor, of Brooklyn. He was a presidential elector at large, and president of the Ohio electoral college in 1896, and was defeated for the Republican nomination for governor in 1899.

He is a fine orator and has dominated the politics of Ross county for years.

Mr. Grosvenor has been in congress for twenty years.

COMMITTEE TO WELCOME BRIDE AND GROOM

HAVANA, Feb. 21.—Congress today appointed a committee to meet and welcome Representative and Mrs. Longworth upon their arrival here.

CORRESPONDENCE IS MADE PUBLIC

MRS. MINOR MORRIS WHITE HOUSE AFFAIR REVIVED. PRESIDENT DECLINES TO APOLOGIZE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Dr. Minor Morris, whose wife some weeks ago was ejected from the White house, where she had gone to present alleged grievances to the president, today gave out for publication the correspondence which recently passed between himself and the president regarding the case.

Dr. Morris demanded a public apology of the president "for this outrage on womanhood and common decency."

Secretary Loeb replied to the letter, stating that an investigation by the chief of police showed that the arrest was justified, and that the kindest act to Mrs. Morris and her kinsfolk was to refrain from giving the case additional publicity. The letters follow:

"To the President of the United States:

"Sir: Having waited patiently a number of weeks that you might have ample time to ascertain all the circumstances connected with the insult recently offered my wife at the White house, and that you might make some expression of deprecation, which would naturally be expected, it is now incumbent upon me as husband and citizen to demand a public apology for this outrage on womanhood and common decency.

"It is unthinkable that such brutality would be tolerated anywhere in this country, but, above all, in the White house.

"That my wife has been confined to her bed six weeks from the shock and injuries of this damnable treatment is bad enough, but I can say to you in all calmness that had the original orders from the White house been carried out, as to her longer incarceration, her life would have been sacrificed.

"It is therefore incumbent upon me to repeat my urgent request that you take action at once suitable to the circumstances which have shocked the entire nation. Respectfully,

MINOR MORRIS.

"February 16, 1906."

The reply:

"The White House, Washington,
"Feb. 19, 1906.

"Sir: In reply to your letter of the 16th inst. the president directs me to state to you that he had the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia, Major Sylvester, make a careful investigation of the circumstances connected with the arrest of Mrs. Morris for disorderly conduct at the executive office, and the superintendent submitted to the president all the affidavits of the persons whom he had examined. The president carefully went over Major Sylvester's report and the affidavits, and also personally saw Major Sylvester and some of the persons making the affidavits. He came to the conclusion that the arrest was justified and that the force used in making the arrest was caused by the resistance offered by Mrs. Morris to the officers in the discharge of their duty, and was no greater than was necessary to make the arrest effective.

"Under these circumstances the president does not consider that the officers are properly subject to blame. He was also satisfied that the kindliest thing that could be done to Mrs. Morris and her kinsfolk was to refrain from giving any additional publicity to the circumstances surrounding the case.

"Yours truly,

"WILLIAM LOEB, JR.,
"Secretary to the President."

"Dr. Minor Morris, Washington, D. C."

8 RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.
4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 3:25, 6:10, 7:20.
TO PUEBLO.
10:30 a. m., 11:05, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:20 10:35, 12:25 night.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSION
Sunday, February 25, $3.50 for the round trip.

TAFT IS UNEASY

ADVICES THAT TROOPS ARE BEING RUSHED TO PHILIPPINES BECAUSE OF CHINA.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Secretary of War Taft, who was the guest here tonight at a dinner given by the Yale club, in discussing the situation in the far east, revealed some little government uneasiness as to the outcome and he did not deny that the detachment of 15,000 troops which had been dispatched to the Philippines may be needed in China in the near future.

"The eastern situation is problematical," he said. "China is now in a state of unrest. To many it seems that the conditions which prevail there are similar to those which preceded the Boxer uprising. It must be hoped, however, that the outcome may not be the same." The detachment of troops was not sent to China but to the Philippines.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

MISS M'KENNA WEDS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The marriage of Miss Hildgarde McKenna, youngest daughter of Associate Justice and Mrs. McKenna, to John Leggett Pultz occurred here today at the home of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Edward T. Buckey of St. Matthews Episcopal church and witnessed by President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks and the members of the supreme court and many members of official and resident society. Mr. and Mrs. Pultz will make New York city their home.

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and always restores color to gray hair. A splendid dressing also. Sold for sixty years.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

It's Time TO BEGIN TO THINK

THIS SUMMER IS COMING TO BE

The Greatest Summer THE CITY HAS EVER HAD In the Way of Visitors.

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO to help give them a good impression of the city?

Don't wait till summer to think ABOUT THAT ELECTRIC SIGN

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To California--Daily

Through Tourist Sleeper.
Two Days.

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DOLLINGER & HARRISON,
Dealers in All Leading Coals
FREIGHT AND TRANSFER.
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DENTISTRY.

Dr. Shaw specializes all fraction. Operates by the most modern methods at the lowest prices possible for the highest quality of work. Office Barnes Building, 113 E. Pike's Peak ave., Phone 918 B.

BRUSH FIRE—Fanned by a high wind, fire in brush near the Short Line tracks south of Colorado City yesterday afternoon spread over several acres, but the flames died out before serious damage was done.

IT IS CORRECT IF BOUGHT AT Newsom & Holmes

Makers of the kind of clothes gentlemen wear.

SUITS, $20 and up.
SHIRTS, $2 and up.

Cleaning and Pressing Neatly Done.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies: those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers: those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c per bottle. One size only.

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HOLTZ & HARDY,

6 South Tejon Street

THE RELIGIOUS ASPECT OF EDUCATION NEEDS EMPHASIS

(Continued From Page 1)

while. Hence the importance of this subject upon our program. The binding together of these colleges in this great circuit put be fruitful to the west.

In the discussion of the general topic "The Proper Balance Between Culture and Practical Subjects," Professor H. McD. Scott, D. D., of Chicago Theological seminary took up the special theme "How far should the college give preference to a classical education?"

Classics vs. Science.

The answer to this question should keep in mind the whole body of students, remembering that many are probably women. For these, classical studies are a prime desideratum, since here as nowhere else are set forth the whole life of man and the fundamental characters. Of men students four-fifths are seeking a general training for life. For them the classics afford a source of culture which scientific study can not equal. In after life, one may often acquire scientific knowledge, but the classical culture once neglected is seldom overtaken. For students who follow callings demanding scientific knowledge, the classical course has much to offer. In such cases should a foundation in classical culture, history or philosophy, be laid, as a balance to the materialistic tendencies of the work of life. For students of theology, law, history and many other subjects, classical training is indispensable, and the man who has had it even in scientific work will make most rapid progress. How shall we give a grounding in classical studies to students of various preparations? Aim at about two years' work in Latin and Greek in the A. B. course, and adapt the teaching so as to do as much in those two years as is done in French and German. The class work with the teacher should be emphasized at the expense of that of the student with his dictionary. Learn to read Plato and Xenophon for what is in them. The students of Cicero, Seneca and Tacitus constantly meets questions which are prominent today.

Science for Undergraduates.

Professor George I. Finlay, Ph. D., of Colorado college then discussed, "The Place of Science in Undergraduate Course." Dr. Finlay showed how this should vary according to local conditions. For instance, here it is proper that geology should receive special emphasis. Then in a discussion of great interest and broad catholicity of tone he showed his sense of the value of a student's work in many different departments, dwelling upon these in some detail. Then he pointed out difficulties of really bringing home to his student any science in the time that could be allotted to its study. Broadly speaking, a student should give one-fourth or one-fifth of his time each year to science.

The Elective System.

The next subject was "How far does the elective system meet the demand for the practical element in education?" President Norman Plass, D. D., of Washburn college brought out the idea that there is a false conception of culture, and what culture subjects are. The choice to whom Mr. Carnegie attributes the success of his fortune, is arguing for the "practical" education may have had a course of study which was highly cultural in value. It is the widest outlook on facilities and the deepest inlook into problems that gives a man a practical education and not a man may have if he has not been taught a single practical thing. The so-called culture subjects can be taught so as to be of a highly practical value, and the so-called practical subjects can be taught so as to have a high value for culture. The college should help a man to find his feet, and to that end may well afford to make some concessions to the "practical" men just as professional studies bring a year's credit, so all students should have a similar privilege of turning aside here and there to take up some work of a clearly practical nature, such as shop work or domestic science.

Education's Primary Aim.

President Thomas McClelland, D. D., of Knox college, led the discussion. He emphasized the idea that all subjects are really culture and practical subjects at the same time, depending for their character more on the character and attitude of the teacher than on the motive of the subject. The primary aim of all college education should be life and service in life. As President Hadley says, "The laboratory should be a thought-shop and not merely a work-shop." A student should not be introduced to too many subjects, nor should he be allowed to follow the line of least resistance and take only those subjects he likes. Other sides of his mind should be developed, and always the prime need be remembered of men who shall enter as Christians into the home, the church, politics and business.

The subject was very widely discussed by President Main, President Dennis, President Slocum, President Gates, President Lancaster, Professor Ahlers, President Plass, President Scott and Dean Collie.

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session of the college conference was devoted to the discussion of pre-medical work in the college and its relation to the medical schools of the country. The members of the conference were unanimous in denouncing the action taken by the legislatures of Minnesota, Iowa, South Dakota and New York in passing laws which descriminated against the small colleges.

Unjust Discrimination.

According to the laws of these states all students are debarred from taking the state medical examinations and

Savors of Unfairness.

Today's Program.

The program for today follows:

MORNING SESSION, 9:30.

The Standpoint of the Student.

(a) "The Honor System as a Basis of College Conduct," Dean J. L. [illegible] Ph. D., Beloit college.

(b) "The Extent to Which the Student Should Be Left to Elect His Own College Course," Prof. L. A. Ahlers, Colorado college.

(c) "How Far Should the Faculty Control College Athletics?" President R. L. Hughes, D. D., Ripon college.

(d) General Discussion, Led by President D. B. Bergen, D. D., Doane college.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 2:30.

Business.

(a) Election of Officers.

(b) The Enlargement of the Membership of the Conference.

(c) Time and Place of the Next Meeting.

(d) Miscellaneous Business.

II.

(a) "Educational Aspect of College Work," President E. G. Lancaster, LL. D., Olivet college.

(b) General Discussion, Led by President Ellen C. Sabin, Milwaukee-Downer college.

EVENING SESSION, 8:00.

Music by the college choir.

Address: "College Education a Productive of Citizenship," President O. A. Gates, D. D., LL. D., Pomona college; President S. B. L. Penrose, D. D., Whitman college.

Personal Mention

Mr. George Wilhelm of Waterloo, Ia., arrived in this city yesterday. He will enter the employ of the Forbes Shoe company.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Harmonson of 2124 North Nevada avenue left yesterday afternoon for a tour of the southern states and Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Wilson, 205 Cheyenne avenue, have gone to Dallas, Tex., to visit Mr. Wilson's only sister and other relatives and friends, for three months.

A WEAK HEART

weakens every other organ of the body, for they all depend upon the heart to furnish them with an abundance of the pure life-giving fluid. To give the heart power to do this, Dr. Miles' Heart Cure has no equal. It strengthens and regulates the heart action, and furnishes nerve power, the vital element. Money back if first bottle fails to benefit.

TWO CONVENTIONS

HOTEL MEN ANNOUNCE THAT HARDWARE AND LUMBER DEALERS WILL MEET HERE.

At the meeting of the El Paso County Hotel and Restaurant Keepers association at the Alamo hotel last night it was announced that the midsummer conventions of the State Hardware Dealers association and the State Lumber Dealers association would be held in Colorado Springs next July.

A committee consisting of W. S. Dunning, George Elston and Dr. F. M. Cooper, was appointed to meet with the executive committee of the Pike's Peak Centennial celebration and arrange a design advertising the celebration, for use on hotel envelopes.

The next meeting of the association will be held at the Antlers hotel on March 21.

COLORADO — [illegible]

A double wedding, with nearly fifty friends as witnesses, took place in the court of Justice of the Peace O. R. Dunnington yesterday afternoon. The brides, grooms and witnesses were all colored people living at the Curtis coal mines and a genuine southern jubilee followed the ceremony. The happy couples are William Johnson and Alice Taylor, and James Henry Wells and Jane Sturdeinar.

Hotel Colorado at Glenwood Springs will open for the season, March 29, 1906.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. For sale by the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co.

OBSERVE HOLIDAY

PUBLIC SCHOOL CHILDREN WILL CELEBRATE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY AT TEMPLE.

Washington's birthday will be commemorated at Temple theater tonight when an appropriate entertainment will be given by public school pupils under auspices of the local Jr. O. U. A. M. The public is invited.

City and county offices, banks, mining exchange and most of the stores will be closed all day and the markets will be closed at noon.

Pike's Peak company No. 10, U. R., K. P., will give a ball tonight at Majestic hall. Small silk American flags will be given to the ladies as souvenirs. The committee in charge of the ball consists of Colonel Davis, Captain Grant, Lieutenant Beales and Lieutenant Day.

HOME DESTROYED BY FIRE

Department's Promptness Probably Saved Other Dwellings.

Fire caused by a defective ash box in the range, totally destroyed the house at 406½ South Cascade street at 12 o'clock last night. The house was occupied by J. F. Hutchinson, 70 years old, a laborer in the employ of the city, and his wife, who is 62 years old. Mrs. Hutchinson, who is feeble, was assisted from the house by neighbors just in time to escape the flames.

The fire was discovered by P. J. Kiernan, a former member of the Denver fire department, who immediately telephoned the alarm to the local department. The promptness of the department in answering the alarm probably saved Mr. Kiernan's house, which is near the one destroyed, from catching fire, as a high wind was blowing at the time.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutchinson were in bed when aroused by the neighbors and barely escaped from the house, leaving all their property. They were cared for by the neighbors. The house was owned by J. F. Patil of Hunter, Colo. It was uninsured.

Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co.

Societies and Clubs

A meeting of the Willamette circle will be held this evening at 112 East Pike's Peak avenue at 8 o'clock.

The Young People's society of the First Baptist church will give a George Washington social in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Members of the society, their friends, and the young men rooming at the Y. M. C. A., are specially invited.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Cumberland Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. Finney, 737 East Platte avenue, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The Women's Home Missionary society of the M. E. church, South, will meet at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the pastor's study.

The members of the Frances Willard W. C. T. U. will give a colonial social at the Willard Home, 628 South Nevada avenue, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

A full rehearsal of the chorus of the Philharmonic society will be held this evening at the Kinnikinnick.

A meeting of section four of the Ladies' Aid society of the First M. E. church will be held at the home of Mrs. A. H. Antoine, 1208 North Nevada avenue, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Luther league of the Swedish Lutheran church will give a George Washington social this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Monson, 512 Sherman avenue.

The Wise Y club will be entertained at a Washington tea this evening by Miss Heyse, at her home, 219 North Weber street.

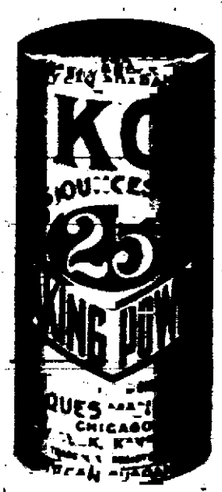
RIO GRANDE CHEAP.

To Salt Lake and return $20 March 5 and 6, limit 27th. Stopovers returning.

The Message of the Wave Circle

Develop the Goodness

of your baking. Don't be satisfied with heavy, soggy biscuits; don't yield to failure or be content with ordinary success. Stir the soul of the lazy dough to yield up its treasure the dormant marrow of the wheat. Put life into it with



KC

BAKING POWDER

25 ounces for 25c

Try it to-day if you want a fine batch of biscuits. Don't wait! Go, send, at once, and you'll be surprised and happy when you see them smoking, flaky, light and brown on the table in the morning. K C is a revelation of baking powder efficiency, purity, and healthfulness. It's one-third the price you pay for baking powder anywhere near K C quality. Think of it! 25 ounce tins for 25c. Get it to-day, and watch the Wave Circles as they appear!

ALL GROCERS

You should see the "Book of Presents." Send for it.

JAQUES MFG. CO., Chicago.

A NEW LOT OF NEWCOMB POTTERY, in great variety of color and form.

KINGSLEY BALLOU, Show Rooms, 30 E. Kiowa St.

Pride in the Home

If you would let the appearance of your home reflect your taste and judgment in a creditable manner by all means buy the furnishings at Fairley's, regardless of the amount of money involved. You can buy a chair for as far as $5.00 that has all the style and quality that can be crowded into it for that price. Pay $10.00 and you get a $10.00 chair in every detail. The patrons of this store are sure of value for the price, no matter how much or how little it may be.

FAIRLEY BROS. & FAIRLEY,

"Colorado Springs' Home Furnishers" 28 So. Nevada Ave.

Only a Few Days Left for You to Decide

"Procrastination is the thief of time." This means you. If you are a procrastinator and have been putting off coming to us until the last moment and then something came up to keep you away, now is your chance.

UNTIL FEBRUARY 1, THE NEW YORK DOCTORS will give THREE MONTHS FREE TREATMENT (medicine excepted) to all who call before that time. This gives you a chance to get treatment at cost prices.

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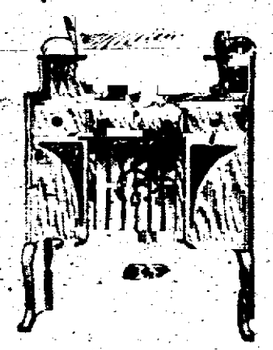

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CLARENCE P. HODGE, President
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Entered at the Colorado Springs postoffice for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1906.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

ACCORDING to the calendar George Washington was born 174 years ago today, but in point of fact, he was born on the eleventh of February instead of the twenty-second. The substitution of the Gregorian for the Julian calendar in England and its provinces twenty years later accounts for the difference, but this is a matter of small importance. What we were about to say is that Washington is gradually becoming a remote figure in American history, though thanks to the reverence in which his memory is held, and the researches of the indefatigable historians, he seems as near to us as if he belonged only to the last generation.

There is not much danger of the American people losing track of the lives and deeds of their national heroes, past or present, unless they suddenly develop a determination to ignore biographical literature. Never before have the delvers in musty historical records worked so assiduously to uncover the real facts concerning our great men. Napoleon defined history as "a fable agreed upon," but this definition does not suit the modern historian, who is usually a businesslike investigator with a keenly analytical mind and a disregard for sentiment that impels him to knock over a clay-footed idol whenever he finds one. It is well that we have such conscientious historians and biographers, for otherwise we should not know our national heroes so intimately. It is very pleasing to the child, perhaps, to look upon Washington and Lincoln, as half human, half divine beings, shrouded in the veil of mystery that obscures supreme greatness, but it is far more satisfying to the adult to know that they were entirely human and had their full share of faults and foibles; that they made mistakes just as we common clay do, and gave way to the same temptations that beset us.

The more intimately we know the real Washington, the more highly we are likely to honor him. It makes no difference that he was not a military genius of the very first rank, or that he was surpassed in statesmanship by perhaps a half dozen of his contemporaries. Neither is it of any consequence if, as seems to be established, he got Hamilton to write the famous Farewell Address for him. The fact remains that more than any other one man he brought this Republic into existence, and perhaps as much as any other he laid the foundations of its perpetuity. In the words of Guizot, the French statesman and historian: "Washington did the two greatest things which in politics it is permitted a man to attempt. He maintained by peace the independence of his country, which he had conquered by war. He founded a free government in the name of the principles of order and by re-establishing their sway."

To have done these things is enough to make Washington, in fact, "first in the hearts of his countrymen."

MUNICIPAL LIGHTING PLANTS.

THE INTRODUCTION by Alderman Holden of the resolution looking to the building by the city of its own gas and electric plant, makes of municipal ownership something besides an academic question in Colorado Springs. In fact, it has never been entirely an academic question here, for we have had our water system to take care of all these years, and we have had a good deal of illustration from it of both the advantages and the disadvantages of this form of operating public utilities.

There is this to be said in favor of our water works plan up to date: we have a lot of good water. But then, so has Denver, which does not own its own plant; and Denver has no immense bonded debt like this city. Whether the city ever could have had available as good a water supply as it has now if the matter had been trusted to a company or corporation is perhaps a matter of opinion. The history of the Denver Water Company shows that it is not impossible.

For the past fifteen years the majority of the quarrels and squabbles in the city council have been over the water system. There has hardly been a year when there was not some kind of a fight on. Sometimes as in the Seven Lakes purchase—there have been accusations of graft and defamation of character. Almost the entire city debt is for water. Taxpayers not only have to pay water rent, but large amounts in interest on water bonds. The city owes so much for water that it can hardly borrow for anything else in the way of public improvement. Possibly our water system is worth all this, but is the history of it encouraging when we view the possibilities of city gas and electricity?

If the council decides to take up this matter at all, it would be well to get some figures from other cities and not through John Rush or his Municipal Ownership League, either. As noted in this column a day or two ago, a committee of the National Civic Federation is now examining the municipal gas plants of certain cities, and it would be well to have their conclusions before doing anything here. The ordinary "facts" alleged by the advocates of municipal ownership are not worth the paper they are written on, or the breath to tell 'em. Professor Roberts of Denver University, who has recently made a study of British municipal ix, found nearly all their accounts "cooked" so as to show a low cost of operation, when really the cost was higher than that of private or corporately owned utilities.

The great example of municipal gas in this country, of course, is Philadelphia. The odor of that reached over the whole country at one time. The "Gas House ring" was as malodorous in politics as the gas plant was in its neighborhood. It got so bad finally that the city "de-municipalized" its gas, and leased the plant to a company. Of course it does not follow that, because the gas plant was not honestly managed in Philadelphia thirty years ago, a municipal gas plant could not be honestly managed here. We believe our water system has been honestly managed, although no doubt more has been paid for the acquisition of rights and areas than might have been paid by a private corporation. But it is always the tendency as a city grows in population and wealth and in the extent of its public service for corruption to creep in. It might not creep in here, but that is the tendency; and the rule is that the larger the city the greater the corruption.

There has been much dissatisfaction with the present gas and electric plant at times; and a municipal control of it—an inspection of its meters by city officials, as is now likely to be provided for, is undoubtedly proper; but we should hesitate a long time before undertaking to build a plant to be owned and run by the city.

THE NEWS AND THE FEDERATION.

THE TREATMENT by the Rocky Mountain News of the arrest of Moyer and Haywood is a good illustration of the methods employed by that alleged newspaper. The news of the arrest came suddenly, Saturday night. How was it to be treated? It must be colored, of course, but what color? Patterson was in Washington, so was Horace Hawkins. Richardson had been summoned to Idaho to take care of his friends there. It was a trying situation. The result was that the News did not print the news at all Sunday morning.

During the day, Sunday, a theory was evolved and the case was worked up. The Governor was criticised for getting out extradition papers. The liberty of the citizen was involved, his constitutional rights invaded. Orchard was discredited on the old theory that he had been employed by "the mine owners" to make a confession that would help to break up the Federation. This theory had been badly overworked two years ago, when the News declared that the explosion at the Independence depot had been instigated by the mine owners for the purpose of discrediting the Federation, but evidently it was thought it might be revamped to fit this case, and a special detective reporter was assigned to discover that Orchard had been hired as a spy by the mine owners. In short, the News set to work to defend its old partners to the best of its ability.

Nobody believes, theoretically, in trying cases that are before the courts, in the newspapers; but there are newspapers that are always doing this, and among them are the Denver Journals. They all do it, but the News is the chief offender. It may be that Orchard has not told the truth in his confession; it may be that at one time he was hired as a spy by some of the authorities in Victor or Cripple Creek, but it is not the function of a newspaper to assume that these things are true, any more than it is a newspaper function to assume that Moyer and Haywood are guilty of the Steunenberg assassination. The facts, it is hoped, will be brought out. Orchard will be corrobrated by other evidence, or his story disapproved. Proof will have to be presented that Moyer and Haywood were concerned in the murder, and they will have an opportunity to show that they had no connection with it, if they can. The case ought not to be prejudged by anybody, and especially not by any newspaper. What we want to get at is the facts and that, so far as possible, is what the readers of The Gazette will get.

A CHANGE OF VENUE.

MR. PATTERSON has succeeded in getting one of the justices of the United States Supreme Court to grant a writ of error in his contempt case, which acts as a supersedeas, and his case will come before that court. This action he and his attorneys, Messrs Belford and Hawkins, regard as a great victory. Whether it is or not remains to be seen. Mr. Thomas, in commenting on the matter, takes a cautious view, and says that the granting of the writ does not indicate at all that the court will conclude to take jurisdiction, or if it does, that its decision will be in Mr. Patterson's favor.

It is probable that all the justices of the Supreme Court of Colorado, while surprised, as Mr. Thomas was, that a writ has been granted, are not at all displeased that the matter is to come before the higher court. In fact, they may well be pleased to have it so.

Mr. Patterson will not have to pay his thousand-dollar fine right away; that is the main point determined by Justice Brewer's writ.

It seems that not all educated Indians are of the Stronghart variety. A noble red man who married a Pennsylvania girl has been sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary for cruelty to his wife.

Uncle Joe Cannon's assertion that he is opposed to a centralized government is just a little humorous, coming from a man in whom the whole power of the House of Representatives is centralized.

There is nothing either new or extenuating in Count Witte's assertion that conditions in Russia are different from those in every other country. No other country would tolerate such conditions.

The new Chinese army is to be modeled after that of Germany. The Dowager Empress thinks it is well if the necessity arises, to know how to fight the devil with fire.

Jerome K. Jerome says Americans are too fond of jokes. If they were not fond of jokes, what would become of such men as Jerome?

Count Boni evidently intends to justify the Goulds' opinion of him as an expensive luxury, up to the very last.

President Mitchell says the coming coal strike will "stagger humanity," but nevertheless he seems quite willing to bring it on.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Saturday, 22nd February, 1806. Our course a little to the south of east, through woods just well thick, arrived at Whitefish lake at eleven o'clock, and took an observation, my party crossed the lake, and encamped between the two lakes, this may be called the source of the Pine river. At this place has been one of the North-West Company's establishments, at the north-east side. It was a square stockade of about fifty feet, but at this time nearly all consumed by fire. There was one standing over the point on the eastern side.

THE MODERN NEWSPAPER.

It is easy for comfortable dilettantes to decry the newspaper press. Certainly nothing is easier than to point out its faults. A want of proper proportion, inaccuracies due to the currently-accepted necessity of printing the news hot-haste after the event, neglect of whole great fields of high endeavor, are some of the criticisms which are most obvious. Then there is criticism of another kind—that of failure of newspapers to live up to their own professed standards of fearlessness and independence. That the American newspaper is every-day-in-every-way better than anybody but a fool will admit. The strange thing is that anybody but a fool should fix his mind so exclusively on the imperfections of newspapers as to forget their great qualities, and the great work they do in the face of enormous difficulties. It is not merely in such an instance as that of the insurance scandal that the American press presents an almost absolutely united front in a good work. The recent revolution in Philadelphia, the devoted support of Jerome in New York, are examples just at hand of the general fact—for it is a fact—that the newspapers of the United States, as a body, show a genuine devotion to the common good, and that an immense preponderance of them is to be found in nearly every case, upon the right of any vital question.

Furthermore, setting aside the matter of editorial opinion, it must be said for American newspapers that they fulfill in a remarkably high degree their primary function—that of faithfully representing the news. The instances in which news is suppressed or distorted are few—very much fewer, we are confident, than in any former era of newspaper publishing. In these days, when the carrying on of a newspaper is a great financial enterprise, this is most creditable to American honesty or American intelligence—some will say the one, some the other; in reality it is a combination of the two. The enormous growth in the financial magnitude of newspaper enterprises has most fortunately been accompanied by a growth, almost as remarkable, in the idea of newspaper independence. There has been a loss of individual distinctiveness, such as characterized the days of Horace Greeley and George D. Prentice; but that individualism was often accompanied by personal and party entanglements and by astonishing partiality and unscrupulousness from which the present-day newspaper is free.

The American newspaper is a great, big, pushing, struggling affair. It is a business enterprise and at the same time a public institution. It has to find its way, somehow or other, to combine these two functions. Speaking broadly and generally, it succeeds in doing so to an astonishing degree. Having to make its way in the rough and tumble of the world—in other words, being compelled to make its revenue equal or exceed its expenses—it cannot live in the serene, untroubled air which is breathed by the political thinker, the moral philosopher, the artist or the litterateur. But this has its compensations. The newspaper that has to depend upon the public, and through it upon the advertisers, for support, has a vital quality which an endowed newspaper would lack. When it speaks out for a principle or against a man, according to its sense of right, it risks something. It plays for stakes; its policy is based on the idea that honesty, courage and intelligence will win in the long run, however they may operate at the moment. And the work of the American press, whatever its shortcomings or even its positive sins, constitutes, on the whole, one of the most satisfactory and one of the most essential products of our democratic institutions.—Baltimore News.

Press Opinions

PATTERSON AND THE CAUCUS.

Senator Patterson seems to think the caucus is a kind of Chamber of Tortures.—Baltimore Sun.

A BLUNDER.

The more you study the Town Topics case the more you wonder why Colonel Mann ever lugged it into court.—Kansas City Star.

CASTRO THE BANTAM.

President Castro has issued his defi to the diplomats. He is out for the bantam championship of the world.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

SWELL VICTIMS.

The victims of the "get-rich-quick" systems are not all poor, superstitious and ignorant men, away from our cities. Take the frenzied financiers and see how they, too, are swept away in the whirlpool.—Louisville Post.

A RUSSIAN SIMILE.

The "insurgents" in congress are calling the overshadowing personality at the other end of the avenue the "Little Father." Then Speaker Cannon is his M. Witte, and it doesn't require much imagination to pick out the grand dukes. As for congress itself, it seems to be fast degenerating into a duma.—Atlanta Constitution.

CONSTITUTION AT ANNAPOLIS.

It has been happily suggested that the old ship Constitution should be brought to Annapolis, instead of being kept at Boston. The lessons of patriotism suggested by the sight of the glorious ship would not be wasted upon the pupils of the country's naval school. Annapolis, in fact, is the proper place for all objects of a character to illustrate our naval history. A museum of naval relics, naval guns, shipping appliances, etc., might properly be kept aboard the Constitution, in the vicinity of Annapolis, where midshipmen and other interested in the navy need facilities for the study of naval matters.—Baltimore Sun.

MORAL REVIVAL IN PROGRESS.

When the conscience of a community is quickened the effect is much the same as that which takes place when only an individual is concerned. There is a desire for better things in all respects. There is new reverence for law and new desire to repress the lawless. The determination to have cleaner streets and more honorable public officials affects the attitude of the communities most interested toward every form of vice and all laxity in the enforcement of the laws. The truth is that the American people are experiencing a far-reaching moral revival. It manifests itself in different degrees and forms, but in its essence it is the same in many states and cities.—Cleveland Leader.

THE FRENCH IN VENEZUELA.

In reality this adventure will always be to our disadvantage. Our financial interests in Venezuela, which were of real importance less than ten years ago—the number of our countrymen established there in 1898 was 2,545, and altogether our credit formally recognized by treaty amounted to $13,200,000—diminish each year owing to the persistent hostility of the government. Our trade decreases progressively to the great advantage of the United States, which sees its own trade increase proportionally. The present conflict will naturally only make the situation worse. And yet France, having been affronted, "must be content with nothing less than seeing that amends are made to her."—Le Journal des Debats of Paris.

Students' Reading

Among Standard Novelists Scott, Dumas, Dickens and Stevenson Are Best Known—The Athlete and Literature.

The notion still lurks in some quarters that there are college men who are interested in other things than football; that somewhere in unregarded corners may be hiding students who are not adequately represented by half-page portraits of fierce fullbacks and mountainous centers. Such a class does exist, and while there is life in it, there is hope for the future of our colleges. What its interests are, what it studies, what it reads, what it thinks, may reasonably claim consideration, even though it be a mere concern of education.

Information gathered at first-hand among several colleges would show that the larger number of students who read for their own pleasure devote most time to newspapers and magazines. College men as a class know current news, at least from the headlines. They do not live a life of intellectual seclusion. In reading the news of the day, they turn first of all to the athletic events and study the scores of all the games. It would be inexcusable not to know the record of each athlete. Of the magazines in the reading room, those that are devoted to current topics are invariably the most thumbworn.

The average college man, even when not a football specialist, is not, as a rule, intellectually gifted; his tastes are not discriminating; they are very much like those of the rest of the world. Like a true American, he looks upon things literary and artistic as a casual amusement, an easy way of using up time—right enough if one happens to like that sort of thing. The influence of the athletic ideal on the reading of the undergraduate is plain. He knows his Kipling and he loves his Jack London. "Those fellows are men," he remarks. "They can do things. They've got the goods with 'em." The self-glorification, the brutality, the cynicism, and the sensationalism, of a man like London, answer exactly the demands of a new race of force-worshippers.

There is, of course, another side. There is a remnant. Though no student would dare raise his voice against the precedence given to athletics, there are men in our colleges who are not ashamed to admit that they have a genuine liking for good literature; there are others who, though they do not go so far as to confess it, yet indulge it privately in the quiet of their rooms. It would embarrass them to be found on the campus with a copy of Pater in their hands; but when no one is looking they may furtively read a chapter of "Marius." The tastes of this small class are an interesting subject for investigation. But one must first draw the line between the reading that they do, along with many others, in connection with regular college courses—for example, a popular course in the history of English fiction—and what they do simply for their own recreation. The fact that a man elects courses in literature does not indicate, unfortunately, a true interest in the subject.

The frothier current fiction is little read in college. This is no great misfortune. A novel eyed of the selling powers of the "Masquerader" catches the attention of few collegians. This is in part due, no doubt, to the fact that most college libraries make no place for such books on their shelves. The number of students is naturally small who care to purchase their own novels. But there is a deeper reason. Students who read simply for a moment's diversion do not take time for novels, while those who read with serious intention choose to invest their leisure where the returns will be of less questionable value. The college community is relatively free from the transient fads of the outer world. The fact that everybody is talking about the "House of Mirth" wins very few readers for Mrs. Wharton among undergraduates.

Our inquiries indicate that among the standard novelists Scott, Dumas, Dickens and Stevenson are the best known. Thackeray and George Eliot find relatively few readers. They are considered rather slow. Dickens is usually much admired or much disliked; he seems to excite more violence of opinion than any other popular novelist. The judgment of the college reader is refreshingly candid in candor, to be sure, that is often the result of ignorance. He does not care a rap for tradition, he decries authority. He likes to be an iconoclast. One student thus expressed himself: "Frankly, now," he said, "don't you think that if the critics didn't all run her down so, you'd call Marie Corelli as great a novelist as any of the century? The trouble is just this: The critics have got to be down on somebody, and they've chosen her just because she dares to be original and different."

With rare exceptions, the modern collegian does not read poetry unless he has to. He may study it in his regular college course; but that is a different matter. Except for a few admirers of, say, Byron, Rossetti, and Stephen Phillips, the spontaneous reading of poetry has gone to the wall in our colleges. Even the "Barrack-room Ballads" and the "Seven Seas" seem to have had their day. An interesting complement to this statement is the direct testimony from four colleges that a rather widespread interest is showing itself in the modern drama. Ibsen and Pinero and Jones and Maeterlinck are being read and discussed by a surprisingly large number of college men—men, too, who do very little serious reading along other lines.

Nevertheless, the man of aggressive literary enthusiasm finds a depressing indifference in the college community. It is stony ground. We speak, of course, only of rough averages. Conditions vary, and there are institutions where the work of a single professor may alter everything. But, in general, the average student of literary leanings is aware that few sympathize with his taste. He comes to the discovery that the most convenient way of living with his fellows is to keep his reading to himself. One little group of four men in a certain college used to meet every fortnight to read together a play of Sophocles or poems by Swinburne or an essay by Pater. But they never told their love. It would have been much easier to admit that one had been off on a drunk, than that one had been reading Sophocles for pleasure.

A turn of affairs for the better can hardly be looked for so long as the athletic ideal is tyrant. But the athletic ideal itself is the logical issue of American commercialism. People who value success above character must submit with what grace they can when their sons rank a football victory above any college honor. That the word culture should sound remote and ridiculously priggish to a devotee of the new idolatry, is inevitable. Such a thing as intellectual discipline is a mere hobby of weak-eyed, unpractical professors. Reading stories and essays and poems is the business of a five-o'clock tea specialist.—New York Evening Post.

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STOCKHOLDERS—William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Hemming, Vice Pres.; C. L. Hemming, Cashier; Gen. William J. Palmer, Asa T. Jones, E. P. Shove, H. M. Blackmer, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E. J. Eaton, Henry LeB. Wills, Thos. J. Fisher, S. B. Mansfield, O. E. Hemenway, Geo. S. Elston, Colorado Springs, Colo.; B. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

THE REED INVESTMENT CO.

Investment Bankers. Bonds, Mortgages and Colorado Securities.

REED BLOCK. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

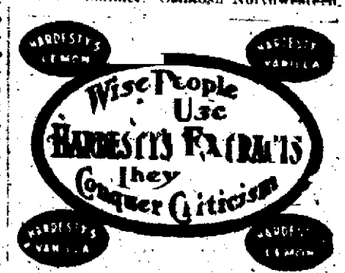
William J. Bonbright & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Colorado Springs, Colorado. MEMBERS:
21 Broad Street, New York. New York Stock Exchange.
5 George Street, London, E. C. Colo. Springs Mining Stock Exchange.

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS BROKERS

Telephone No. 55. Cable Address: "Shoald."
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to offices: Rooms 109.

A very excellent idea is being carried out in a number of progressive cities where the sidewalks of cement are gradually taking the place of other material. When the walks of cement are laid at street corners it is required by ordinance that the names of the streets must be impressed in the soft concrete before it hardens, thereby affording a lasting sign for the use of pedestrians. The size and character of the letters are specifically prescribed, as is also the exact location where the sign shall be placed, which is usually just inside the curb as a person steps from the street to the walk. It is thus in plain evidence and ease of discernment in almost any kind of weather, affording a ready guide to strangers and a constant reminder to everyone. Even at night such a sign is readily observable by the use of corner electric lights, and the only time when it is likely to be obscured is during the winter months, when snow and ice interfere. At all other times, however, streets signs of this kind are RAM to be more useful than even the ordinary painted signs attached to posts or trees, for while the latter are liable to become misplaced or destroyed, or grow dim with age, thereby making them almost undecipherable, the imprint in a cement walk is sure to last for years, or as long as the walk itself, and can never be removed, destroyed or effaced in any ordinary manner.—Oshkosh Northwestern.



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

New Negligee Shirts

The showing of [illegible] goes a little further than ever than when we came to opening with the arc now

The line of exchanges [illegible] passing here [illegible]

We [illegible] regarding our [illegible] affording [illegible] showing the new styles [illegible] as subsequent satisfaction in wearing them. We cannot undertake [illegible] the [illegible] the values

Holbrook & Perkins

LADIES TO GIVE SOCIAL

Auxiliary of Typographical Union Invites Friends to Carpenters Hall

The Ladies Auxiliary [illegible] cal union will give [illegible] ing at Carpenters [illegible] nue and Kiowa street [illegible] of the union the auxiliary will [illegible] Refreshments will be served and a pleasing musical [illegible] will be rendered

The ladies [illegible] the chief purpose [illegible] the International Typographical Union Ladies Auxiliary will [illegible] time as the International Typographical union convenes [illegible] work well under way at [illegible] such social events [illegible] together all who are [illegible] two conventions

An invitation to this [illegible] is extended to the public and the ladies will do the honors as hostesses in their usual charming manner A nominal admission fee will be charged at the door

LOSES $10,000 SUIT

Midland Railroad Gets Verdict in Hughes Damage Case

The case of Frank I Hughes versus the Colorado Midland Railway company for $10,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained in a fall at Silver Cliff in 1902 came to a sudden termination in the district court yesterday morning when Judge R E Lewis ruled that the plaintiff could not introduce questions to the effect that Hughes became insane because of the accident. The court instructed the jury to bring in a verdict for the defendant. The court ruled that the plaintiff had been found sane by a jury in a former case and that therefore it would not be proper to reconsider the sanity. Plaintiff's attorneys were given 10 days in which to file a motion for a new trial

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds for it contains no opiates or other poisons. For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co

RICH DEPOSITS OF FIRE CLAYS

OUTSIDE CAPITAL TO DEVELOP RESOURCES IN NORTHEAST ERN PART OF EL PASO COUNTY.

Underlaid with fine deposits of fire clay said to be of highest quality and of large extent a half section of land in northeastern El Paso county is to have its resources fully developed by Denver and Illinois capitalists. Walter D Marlow yesterday negotiated a deal whereby Dr W F Shaw and J O Nelson sold the south half of section 26 township 11 south range 65 west to him for the Denver and Illinois capitalists

While the purchasers will not allow their names to be used until further plans are matured, it is understood that they are well able financially to make the project a paying enterprise. It is understood that the consideration involved was between $15,000 and $20,000.

Three grades of fire clay in veins ranging from two to seven feet in thickness underlie the surface and separating them are thick veins of lignite coal, of a quality similar to that in the mines north of Colorado Springs. The finest of the clay is the uppermost vein, which is two feet thick. It is of unusually high quality and tests have shown it to be material from which may be manufactured the best of tile. The second vein is wider and of a terra cotta color. The lower vein is 20 to 25 feet in thickness of a red color and makes excellent building brick.

The purchasers of the property are arranging to install coal mining apparatus and to erect a brick plant with a capacity of 35,000 bricks a day.

"LAW ENFORCEMENT"

Public Address Tonight at Y. M. C. A. by Mayor Hall.

Mayor Henry C Hall will deliver an address this evening at the Y M C A on "Enforcement of the Law." This is the second of a series of addresses given under the auspices of the Y M C A on the subject of "Present Day Politics." It had been the intention of the Y M C A to admit men only to the lectures, but owing to the numerous requests from the women of the city, it has been decided that they will be admitted to hear Mayor Hall's address this evening. A great deal of interest was aroused by the address of Former Governor Adams last Thursday and it is expected that there will be a large audience tonight.

MAY PROVE FATAL

When Will Colorado Springs People Learn the Importance of It?

Backache is only a simple thing at first

But when you know 'tis from the kidneys

That serious kidney troubles follow

That diabetes Bright's disease may be the fatal end

You will gladly profit by the following experience

'Tis the statement of a Colorado Springs citizen

James Niles, of 15 East Cimarron street carpenter, says

During the fall of 1898 and the winter of 1899 an attack of headache persistently clung to me If I had taken it in time I might have checked it in its earliest stages, but I neglected it and when I procured Doan's Kidney Pills there was not the slightest doubt but some derangement of the kidneys caused the annoyance As the treatment cured me I am only too pleased to endorse the remedy

Plenty more proof like this from Colorado Springs people Call at D Y Rut her Drug company's store and ask what their customers report

For sale by all dealers Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co Buffalo New York, sole agents for the United States

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

SCOTT ESTATE WORTH $17,500

INVENTORY FILED BY WIDOW IN PROBATE COURT—NO WILL HAS BEEN FOUND

Bessie H Scott widow of Frank L Scott appeared in the office of the clerk of the county court yesterday afternoon and filed an inventory of her husband's estate giving the value as $17,500. She also asked that letters of administration be granted to herself and C M Hobbs. No will was left by Mr Scott

The real property consists of a residence at 1614 North Nevada avenue and a one-half interest in lands near Garden City Kas with a total valuation of $5,000. The personal property consists of 35 shares of the capital stock of the Davie Realty company 74 shares of stock of the Western Building and Improvement company, 2,000 shares of the Gould Consolidated Gold Mining company 250 shares of Jennie Sample Consolidated Mining company lease, mining stocks, promissory notes and $394 cash with a total value of $12,500.

NOTICE! NOTICE! NOTICE!

The Yeomen will give a box social at K P hall Friday evening, February 23 All members and their friends are invited Ladies bring a box

SUDDEN DEATH OF LITTLE GIRL

LITTLE WINIFRED MAGRUDER IS THOUGHT TO HAVE DIED FROM BLOOD-POISONING.

Winifred Magruder the 2-year-old daughter of A C Magruder, 1331 North Nevada avenue, died suddenly yesterday afternoon Physicians have been unable to determine the exact cause of the child's death although it is thought that death resulted from blood-poisoning The little girl was taken ill yesterday afternoon A C Magruder the father of the child is an occulist, and is in New York taking a post graduate course Funeral arrangements have not been made

F. M. CLANCY IS DEAD

Well-Known Mining Man Dies Suddenly Tuesday Evening.

Frank M Clancy, 45 years old, a well-known resident of this city and prominent in mining circles throughout the state died at his home 228 East Cimarron street Tuesday evening, from the grip after an illness lasting only a few hours

Mr Clancy came to Colorado from Texas about twenty years ago settling in Leadville, later moving from there to Granite, and then to Cripple Creek in 1891. Three years ago he came to Colorado Springs where he has lived since. He is the owner of the Hartman copper properties at Tarryall Gulch from which he was just commencing to realize great profits

The funeral will be held on Sunday from the undertaking rooms of Fairley Brothers and Law and will be conducted by the Masons of which order Mr Clancy was a member Interment will be made at Evergreen cemetery

MARRIED LAST NIGHT AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Miss Melita Henry 38 South Tejon street and Mr J W Stout of Husted Colo were married last evening at the First Presbyterian church by the Rev Edgar W. Work. After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride about fifty guests being present the bridegroom is prominent at Husted where he owns a large ranch Miss Henry has many friends in this city and Husted.

NO POSTMASTER UNTIL APRIL 1

ALEX J STRACHAN'S DUTIES AS ASSESSOR WILL PREVENT TAKING NEW OFFICE FOR SIX WEEKS

Alex J Strachan whose appointment as postmaster at Colorado Springs was confirmed by the senate Tuesday will not take the new office before April 1. Mr Strachan resigned from the assessorship yesterday and said that night [illegible] work he has on hand as assessor will not allow him to resign and [illegible] commission as postmaster before April 1. He says that [illegible] applications from Gilbert M Edmund [illegible] appointment of the Misses Hart postmistress and W E Hart [illegible]

Although several days [illegible] Friday the Gazette [illegible] has been confirming gossip [illegible] to the effect to succeed him as county assessor E W Adams [illegible] receiving the support of a large [illegible] of county democrats while E F Schneider's name is urged by a host of Colorado City friends County Commissioner Rouse has not returned as yet from Kansas and nothing will be decided until he does so

ASCOUGH CASE IS DISMISSED

THE PLAINTIFF ENDS ACTION AGAINST MISSING COLORADO CITY MAN AND PAYS COSTS.

The case of the Newton Lumber company vs W D Ascough et al in the district court has been dismissed by the plaintiff at the latter's cost

In the county court yesterday J C Anderson began an attachment suit against Hans Mahuckle for $107 alleged to be due the plaintiff on a contract A half hour after the filing of the suit it was dismissed at the cost of the plaintiff

Silverberg who was arrested in this city by the sheriff's office two days ago on complaint of Benjamin Herzmark charged with stealing a mowing machine at Calhan has been released on $100 bond by Justice Breed on of Calhan to appear in the district court for trial

IS HEIR TO $60,000

Mrs Lida Peerman, Nurse, Inherits Fortune From Uncle.

Mrs Lida Peerman of 318 West Bijou street has been notified by a Denver law firm that she is heir to $60,000 a part of the estate of an uncle who recently died in Illinois Mrs Peerman is a trained nurse and has resided in Colorado Springs for eight years Her uncle was James Fairweather of Fairweather Ill, founder of the city bearing his name Mrs Peerman intends to continue her calling in this city

MARRIAGE LICENSES WERE ISSUED YESTERDAY

Licenses to wed were issued yesterday as follows William Harley Smith and Druzilla Tarissa Belcher both of Colorado Springs, James Wilber Stout and Melita La Franc Henry both of Colorado Springs Robert H Hamel of Colorado City and Catherine R Brandt, of Denver James Henry Wells and Jane Sturdevant colored, Curtis, William Johnson and Alice Taylor, colored, Curtis

DISFIGURING SKIN HUMOR

Impossible to Get Employment, as Face and Body Were Covered With Itching Sores—Scratched Till Flesh Was Raw—Spent Hundreds of Dollars on Doctors and Hospitals and Grew Worse

CURED BY CUTICURA IN FIVE WEEKS

"Since the year 1894 I have been troubled with a very bad case of eczema which I have spent hundreds of dollars trying to cure, and I went to the hospital, but they failed to cure me and it was getting worse all the time. Five weeks ago my wife bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and I am pleased to say that I am now completely cured and well

"It was impossible for me to get employment, as my face, head, and body were covered with it. The eczema first appeared on the top of my head and it had worked all the way around down the back of my neck and around to my throat, down my body and around the hips. It itched so I would be obliged to scratch it, and the flesh was raw.

"I would first wash the affected parts with warm water and Cuticura Soap, and then apply Cuticura Ointment and let it remain on all night, and in the morning I would use Cuticura Soap. I am now all well, which all my friends can testify to, and I will be pleased to recommend the Cuticura Remedies to any and all persons who wish a speedy and permanent cure of skin diseases." Thomas M. Rossiter, 290 Prospect Street, East Orange, N. J.

Mar 30, 1905.

On [illegible] and Ointment [illegible] Pills [illegible] Cuticura Soap [illegible] Cuticura Resolvent [illegible] Cuticura Ointment

SUITS

worth up to $20 and $25 suit to

$11.95

Suits worth up to $16.50 cut to

$8.95

Robbins

GRAIN MARKET CLOSES FIRM

WHEAT DEVELOPS CONSIDERABLE STRENGTH AT CLOSE. CORN DECLINES AND OATS HOLD FIRM.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Strong cables and damage reports from Illinois and Missouri contributed materially to a firm close today in the local wheat market. For a time the market was unduly sensitive owing to shorts, but heavy selling by pit traders who were heavily inclined because of continued mild weather in the United States caused the market to weaken. There was little demand until May touched $2, but here shorts became active buyers and the market developed considerable strength. The rally was helped somewhat by reports from St. Louis telling of damage to wheat at various points in Illinois and Missouri. Another bullish factor was a correction in the statement of Friday, now made public yesterday. Revised figures declared the acreage to be 200,000 less than the previous report. Uncertainty regarding the outcome of the Algeciras conference was also a bullish influence. The market closed firm with May at 82½@¾.

Liberal receipts and a decline of ½ to ¾ cents in the prices of cash corn weakened speculative values in the corn pit. The market was firm early in the day in sympathy with the bulge advance in wheat, but the provision interests sold heavily and the market soon yielded to the pressure. The late strength of wheat and a fair demand by shorts caused a moderate recovery. The close was steady. May opened unchanged to ¼ higher at 46 to 47¾, sold off to 42½@¾ and closed at 42¾@¾.

Reports of an improved export demand held the oats market steady. May opened a shade to ¼ higher at 29¾@¾, sold to 29¾@¾ and closed at 29¾.

Provisions were inclined to be weak because of a 10c decline in the price of live hogs. At the close May pork was off 7½c at $15.60. Lard was a shade lower at $7.72½@$7.75. Ribs were 5c higher at $5.17½@5.20.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	82¾	82¾	82	82½
July	81⅞	82⅛	81⅛	81½
September	81¼	81½	80¾	81⅛
Corn—				
May	43	43⅛	42½	42⅝
July	43⅝	43⅝	43⅛	43⅜
September	44⅛	44⅛	43⅝	44
Oats—				
May	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29⅝
July	29⅛	29⅛	29	29¼
September	27⅝	28	27⅛	28

EASTERN LIVE STOCK.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000, including 500 southerns; market steady. Native steers, $4.00@6.60; southern steers, $3.75@4.70; southern cows, $2.25@3.75; native cows and heifers, $2.25@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.90; bulls, $2.65@4.00; calves, $3.00@7.50; western fed steers, $3.50@5.50; western fed cows, $2.50@4.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; market 5@10c lower. Bulk of sales, $6.00@6.12½; heavy, $6.10@6.15; packers, $6.00@6.12½; pigs and light, $5.50@6.05.

Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; market steady. Muttons, $4.25@5.50; lambs, $5.00@6.80; range wethers, $5.00@5.60; fed ewes, $4.25@5.25.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; market best steady; others 10c lower. Steers, $3.80@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.80; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; Texans, $3.50@4.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; market 5@10c lower. Estimated tomorrow, 25,000. Mixed and butchers, $5.30@6.22½; good heavy, $6.15@6.27½; rough heavy, $5.95@6.10; light, $5.95@6.17½; pigs, $5.00@6.05; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; market weak. Sheep, $3.50@5.75; lambs, $4.75@7.10.

RETAIL GRAIN MARKET.

Oats, $1.25@1.30 cwt.; corn, $1.00@1.05 cwt.; corn chop, $1.05@1.10 cwt.; bran, $1.05 to $1.15 cwt.; Kaffir corn $1.20 cwt.; wheat, $1.30 cwt.; alfalfa hay, $11.00 ton, 60@65c cwt.; Kansas hay, $10.00 ton, 55c to 70c cwt.; other hay, $15.00 to $11.00 ton, 80c to 85c cwt.

WOOL MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 21.—Wool steady; territory and western mediums, 22@25; fine mediums, 21@25; fine, 18@22.

Your Choice

FOR

$11.00

OF ALL

$18, $20 and $25

HAND-TAILORED HIGH ART CLOTHES

at the Big Sale

Of The

A. H. WHAITE & CO. STOCK

18-20 S. Tejon St.

CITY HALL NOTES

Municipal Offices Will Be Closed All Day Today.

James Smith, who has appeared in the police court on numerous occasions of late charged with drunkenness, has taken the abstinence pledge for life. Smith was released from his stock on the rock pile last Monday and he again appeared in the police court yesterday morning with a charge of intoxication against his name. Judge Toombs fined him $10 and costs but suspended the sentence upon his taking the pledge for life. C. A. Myers was fined $5 and costs for being drunk; suspended. Lee Raley was fined $5 and costs for vagrancy, committed. James McGrath was fined $10 and costs for intoxication, committed and costs suspended.

The water department started work yesterday on the laying of 1,000 feet of 18-inch pipe in the El Paso canal, corner of Hancock street and Williamette avenue. The work will take one week or more.

The city offices will be closed today, a legal holiday.

OLD GOLD LESSEES SHIPPING GOOD ORE.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 21.—Gillespy, Davis & Co., operating the Old Gold under lease on Beacon hill, are shipping regularly 5 cars per month of a fine grade ore. The mineral comes from two places on the 400-foot level. There is a high grade streak worth several dollars per pound which is holding out well. Lessees expect to take $100,000 out of the property before the lease expires, which will be in about two years.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

BECKER GETTING READY FOR WORK ON CHRISTMAS.

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 21.—At the Christian mine of Bull hill Lessee Charles B. Becker is putting up a 60-horsepower boiler purchased from the Elkton Gold Mining company. He will begin work sinking the shaft from the 600 to the 900-foot point immediately. There is splendid ore in the bottom of the shaft.

RETAIL PRODUCE MARKET.

VEGETABLES—Irish potatoes, per cwt., $1.35; western slope potatoes, per cwt., $1.30; sweet potatoes, per lb., 4c; cabbage, per lb., 4c; parsnips, per lb., 2½c; carrots, per lb., 2½c; beets, per lb., 4c; dry onions, per lb., 2½c; imported Spanish onions, per lb., 10c; rutabagas, per lb., 2½c; cauliflower, per lb., 15c; white egg turnips, per lb., 2½c; spinach, per lb., 15c; hot house lettuce, per dozen, 50c; rhubarb, per lb., 12½c; parsley and mint, per bunch, 5c.

FRUITS—California navel oranges, per box, $2.50; California navels, per doz., 12c to 35c; California lemons, per doz., 12c to 25c; California seedless grape fruit, each, 12½c; imported Malaga grapes, per lb., 20c; eating pears, per lb., 10c; bananas, per doz., 25c; cranberries, per quart, 30c; California fancy Winesap apples, per box, $3.00; fancy Waldbridge apples, per box, $2.50; fancy Ben Davis apples, per box, $2.00.

POULTRY—Young turkeys (fancy), lb., 22c; young ducks, lb., 18c; young chickens, lb., 18c; young hens, lb., 16c; young chickens (broilers), lb., 20c.

EGGS—Guaranteed state, per doz., 30c; strictly fresh, per doz., 25c.

BUTTER—Best creamery, lb., 23c; good creamery, lb., 25c; fancy ranch, lb., 20c; 1c per lb. off on 5-lb. lots.

LONDON LIVING INVEST.

The following quotations are furnished by William P. Bonbright & Co. of New York, London and Colorado Springs:

	London, Feb. 21. £	s	d
Camp Bird	1	6	3
Esperanza	0	3	9
El Oro	1	5	7½
Tomboy	1	6	3
Stratton's Independence	0	7	6

RETAIL ARTICLE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Lead and copper quiet and unchanged.

RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.

4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 3:25, 6:10, 7:20.

TO PUEBLO 8.

10:20 a. m., 11:05, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:20, 10:25, 12:25 night.

PRICES OF STOCKS TURN DOWNWARD

YIELDING TENDENCY DUE TO A LACK OF SUPPORT RATHER THAN TO ACTIVE PRESSURE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Prices of stocks turned downward today and in addition was one of the hopeful speculative features of the week opened. The yielding tendency in prices was due as much to lack of support as to any active pressure. Transactions were on a large scale but the market was dull and the demand languished and lower prices different. The selling [illegible] dealings not on margin [illegible] There were no large [illegible] stocks but specialties [illegible] really felt a sense of disappointment over the action of the market yesterday and its easy tone as the [illegible] all [illegible] The [illegible] speculative condition [illegible] in the money market now [illegible] augury for any attempt to revive the speculation. The low [illegible] banking reserves and the many requirements ahead of the market made [illegible] recurrence of such things from time to time probable. The money [illegible] not notably affected today by yesterday's development in that [illegible] With the easier tone [illegible] however, an effort [illegible] on the [illegible] New York. The rate at Chicago [illegible] of 2½ cents premium [illegible] has got back to a small [illegible] Some attention is given to the [illegible] in the Chicago banking [illegible]

A detailed estimate appeared in Wall Street during the day of the leading bond debentures and stock issues which have made their appearance since the first of the year, which offered an aggregate of $300,350,400, not including money issues by smaller corporations. The list includes only securities issued or to be issued immediately and does not include totals newly authorized but not issued at present. It is estimated that about 25 per cent of the new issues is for refunding purposes or for the purchase of other securities already on the market. But the aggregate of new capital called for is sufficiently imposing and is expected to be added to largely in the immediate future.

Foreign political developments had their influence on the stock market by reason of the money situation and the possible effect rather than from any fears of the immediate effect on values of securities in New York from a failure of the Moroccan conference. The declining tendency of foreign exchange was arrested here, and a sharp drop in sterling exchange at Paris and a hardening of discounts there was also attributed to the political news.

The departure from the city of President Hill without any word of the supposed project affecting the properties of which he is the head was accountable for the sharp decline in those stocks. Less confident assertions were heard of the alleged copper deal. The views expressed by the president of the United Mine Workers as to the chance of a settlement of the labor controversy also were discouraging.

The covering of short contracts by the board room bears to take their profits on the day's decline made the only force towards the late feeble rally in the market and the closing was easy.

Bonds were all unchanged on call.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Cotton Oil	38⅛	38	38	38⅛
Am. Woolen	45⅞	45⅞	44⅞	45⅛
Am. Sugar	140⅞	141¼	139⅝	140⅝
Am. Locomotive	32⅝	32⅝	32⅛	32⅛
do pfd	116½	116½	116½	116½
Am. Smelting	162¾	162⅞	159⅝	160⅝
Am. Car Fdy	43⅞	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝
*Atchison	89¼	90	89	89½
do pfd	102	103	102½	102⅝
Anaconda	27⅞	28⅝	27⅞	27⅝
Amal. Copper	111⅛	111⅝	109½	110
B. R. Transit	83½	85⅜	79⅝	80½
Bal. & Ohio	110⅞	110⅝	109⅝	110⅛
C., M. & St. P.	179¼	180	178¼	178⅝
C., R. I. & P.	37½	37½	37⅜	37⅜
do pfd	84½	84⅝	84⅛	84⅜
Ches. & Ohio	56	56⅜	55⅞	55⅞
Can. Pacific	172⅛	174	171⅝	172⅝
Colo. Southern	37⅞	38⅜	37⅝	38⅛
do 1st pfd	72	72	72	72
C. F. & Iron	51⅛	53⅝	52⅝	52⅞
C. & G. W.	21	21¼	20⅞	20⅞
D. & R. G.	43⅛	44⅜	43	44⅛
do pfd	88	91	88	88
Erie	43⅝	44	43⅛	43⅝
do 1st pfd	77⅛	77⅞	77⅛	77⅞
G. C. Copper	57	57	57	57
Gen. Electric	168⅝	173	170	170
Ill. Central	153	153	151⅝	151⅝
L. & N.	142½	147½	146	146
Met. St. Ry.	117	117	116⅝	116⅝
M., K. & T.	34⅝	34⅝	34	34
Manhattan	139	140	139	139⅝
Mex. Central	24½	25	24⅛	24⅛
Mo. Pacific	99⅛	100⅛	99	99⅝
Nat. Lead	84⅝	84⅝	83⅛	83⅝
N. Y. Central	138⅛	139⅛	137⅞	138
N. & W.	87	87⅝	87	87½
N. Y. Con. Gas	176	176	173⅞	174⅛
N. Y., O. & W.	50⅝	50⅞	50⅛	50⅛
People's Gas	98⅝	98⅝	97½	97½
Pennsylvania	139⅛	139⅝	139⅛	139
Pacific Mail	46½	48⅛	46⅜	46⅝
P. S. Car Co.	59⅝	59⅝	58	58
Reading	139⅝	140⅞	139⅛	139⅝
Rep. I. & Steel	32⅛	32⅝	31½	31⅝
do pfd	105½	105⅞	105	105
Southern R.	36⅛	36⅝	35⅞	35⅞
Southern Pacific	65½	65⅝	64⅞	65⅜
Texas Pacific	25⅞	26⅛	25⅝	26
T., C. & Iron	152⅞	154	152	153
Union Pacific	151½	152⅞	150⅝	151⅝
U. S. R. Co. pfd.	81⅝	82	81½	82
U. S. Rubber	49⅝	50	49⅝	50
U. S. Steel	41⅝	42⅛	41⅞	41⅞
do pfd	106⅞	107⅛	106⅝	107
Va.-C. Chemical	46⅞	49	46⅝	48⅝
Wabash	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝
do pfd	46	46	45⅝	45⅝
Wis. Central	28⅝	28⅝	27	27
Western Union	85⅞	85⅞	85⅛	85⅜
C. I. P.	47	47	46⅝	46⅝
Northern Pacific	225⅝	225⅝	219	220⅛

*Ex-rights.

Total sales, 1,076,500.

Money closed 1½@2 per cent.

MONEY IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Close—Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485.25@485.30 for demand and at $82.80@82.85 for 60-day bills. Posted rates, 482½@484 and 487½. Commercial bills, 482½. Bar silver, 68½. Mexican dollars, 51½. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, heavy.

Money on call easier, 3@5 per cent; ruling rate, 5; closing bid and offered at 3. Time loans, easier; 60 and 90 days and 6 months, 5@6 per cent.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
February	10.36	10.36	10.29	10.29
March	10.42	10.43	10.36	10.36
May	10.54	10.55	10.48	10.48
July	10.56	10.57	10.50	10.50
August	10.50	10.51	10.44	10.44
October	10.37	10.39	10.33	10.33

DISSOLUTION

Shoe Sale

Is still In progress

Prices are sensationally reduced that many have anticipated their shoe needs months in advance and made extensive purchases.

The End, However, is Near at Hand

For Women		For Men	
Who want to save from 25 per cent to 50 per cent on Shoes, Oxfords or Slippers, note these prices		We have bargains never before offered in Colorado Springs.	
$5.00 shoes	$3.65	$6.00 shoes	$4.65
$4.00 shoes	$3.15	$5.00 shoes	$3.65
$3.50 shoes	$2.95	$4.00 shoes	$3.15
$3.00 shoes	$2.35	$3.50 shoes	$2.95
$2.50 shoes	$1.98	$3.00 shoes	$2.15
$2.00 shoes	$1.45	$2.50 shoes	$1.98
$1.50 shoes	$1.15		

During This Sale

We have not reserved anything. Every pair of shoes go at

Sale Prices

HANDY'S For SHOES 118 So. Tejon St.

FEAST OF SEVEN TABLES

Basement, First M. E. Church, Tonight

5:30 TO 8 p. m.

Served entirely by the men folk. A real feast for 50 cents and the biggest 50 cents worth you ever heard of.

$25.00

TO

Pacific Coast Points

VIA

The Rio Grande

(Scenic Line of the World.)

February 15 to April 7

THROUGH TOURIST SLEEPERS DAILY to Los Angeles, San Francisco and Portland. Liberal stopover arrangements.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 16 N. TEJON ST.

The Comfort of Home

is not complete without a telephone. Low rates.

The Colorado Telephone Co.

R. F. MORRIS, Mgr. Tele. Main No. 2. 120 E. Kiowa St.

Have You Seen the New 1906 Quarters?

From the Denver Mint?

We have received several hundred of them for our customers and will give them out in change with mail orders while they last.

COME IN AND GET ONE

THE

Colorado Springs Fuel Co.

112 Pikes Peak Avenue.

Phone 270-271

Good Coal

is what you want; you can't afford to freeze by experimenting. You will never regret filling your bins with our coal.

Tudor Coal Co.

Corner Cascade and Cucharras sts. Phone 676-B.

Opera House

SATURDAY FEBRUARY 24

DENMAN THOMPSON'S GREATEST OF PLAYS

THE OLD HOMESTEAD

Complete Production. Ideal Cast Including

THE FAMOUS OLD HOMESTEAD DOUBLE QUARTET.

Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00 $1.50.

Reserved Seats on Sale at the Box Office.

Empire Theater

REFINED VAUDEVILLE

THIS WEEK'S FEATURE

PRINCESS CHINQUELLA

ASSISTED BY

ED NEWELL

The Cowboy Juggler,

And Other Attractions.

Illustrated Songs, Moving Pictures, etc. Music by the Empire Peerless Orchestra.

Matinee Daily: 2 p. m. Evening Performance, 7:30 to 10. 10 cents

Are Your Clothes Dusty and Spotted?

If so, have them cleaned by our perfect dry process; it cleans them thoroughly without any shrinking or getting out of shape. We are prepared to do them on short notice. Phone 353A, and we will call.

THE PANTATORIUM.

15 E. Bijou. Branch Office, 825 N. Tejon.

For Over Fifty Years

An Old and Well-tried Remedy

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over 50 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other.

Weekly Gazette

$1.00 PER YEAR

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Are You Going East?

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA, and return, $48.90.

NASHVILLE, TENN. and return $40.60. Feb. 25-6-7. Return limit March 9.

MARDI GRAS RATES.

One fare plus $2 for the round trip.

to NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE and PENSACOLA.

Tickets on sale February 21-25. Return limit March 17. Stop-overs permitted.

Also very LOW RATES to many other Eastern and Southern points.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED PULLMAN SLEEPERS. FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS. ELEGANT DINING CARS (Meals a la Carte.)

For detailed information call on or address

H. B. KOOSER, G. W. P. & P. A., 17th and Stout Streets, Denver, Colo.

J. M. ELLISON, C. T. A., Colorado Springs, Colo.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GARFIELD ON THE WITNESS STAND

HE AGAIN GIVES POSITIVE DENIALS OF CERTAIN STATEMENTS OF PACKERS' MEN IN 1903.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Commissioner Garfield again held the witness stand in the packers' case today and made positive denials of assertions that have been made on the stand by witnesses for the packers. District Attorney Morrison questioned Mr. Garfield regarding his conversations with Edward Swift, Edward Morris and various representatives of the packers and the commissioner stated positively that he had never told any of them that information received from the packers would be regarded as confidential or that if they did not give up the information desired by his department they would be compelled to do so.

The latter part of the day was taken up by the identification of letters. It is also said that several days will be occupied by this work and the letters will be read into the record of the case later.

URGES NATION TO PREPARE FOR WAR

CHAIRMAN OF HOUSE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE FEARS TROUBLE WITH CHINA.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Chairman Hull of the military affairs committee, in presenting the army appropriation bill to the house today, urged the necessity of complete preparedness as to our army and navy for trouble in the orient. He declared that any nation not prepared to defend its position in China might as well haul down its flag and quit the Pacific. Incidentally, Mr. Hull pronounced Minister Rockhill at Peking guilty of indiscretion in indicating to Chinese officials that the United States intended returning the 20,000,000 pounds sterling indemnity paid. Statements of this kind, he said, will be taken by the Chinese as an indication that the United States is afraid rather than liberal. Mr. Hull scouted the idea that Japan was interested in stirring up trouble in China to injure the United States. Japan's interests in China, he said, were identical with those of the United States, and preservation of peace there was the only manner in which they could be maintained. Speeches on tariff, immigration and the Payne customs house bill consumed the balance of the day.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY

"My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years," writes Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb. "We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks be to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever had in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar, and would ask those afflicted to try it." For sale by the Hefley-Arculurius Drug Co.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR IS SECOND LIEUTENANT

LONDON, Feb. 21.—John Jacob Astor, son of William Waldorf Astor, who has been given a probationary commission in the First Life guards, joined the regiment today as second lieutenant. The system of appointment "on probation" was adopted last year in consequence of the difficulty experienced in finding officers for the more expensive regiments. Thus attached, young Astor will remain on probation for two years, at the end of which time he may be discharged by his commanding officer or be permanently accepted.

FIGHTING SMOKE.

Our local society engaged in efforts to abate the smoke nuisance has before it a large problem, which has been much studied in Europe and particularly in England. At a conference on smoke abatement held recently in London valuable papers were read, containing suggestions of various kinds. The Electrical Review finds Leeds taking a leading part in fighting the smoke evil. The city has a law which limits the duration of black smoke from a factory chimney to five minutes in the hour, and a local society undertakes to watch ad report offenders. Berlin reduces its soot output by using artificial fuels. In Hamburg, a local society sends experts to factories where fuel is wasted in smoke to teach the firemen how to burn coal, and has had good results.

Of the 4,000 tons of coal burned daily in Leeds, as many as 20 tons go out of the chimneys in the form of soot, one-fourth of which quantity sticks to persons, houses, etc., in the municipal area. Leeds, accordingly, is painted, Black daily with five tons of lampblack. London, it is thought, takes on daily several tranloads of pigment. More efficient burning of fuel is suggested as the first remedy to be considered. Another is that the coal be converted into gas at mines or elsewhere outside the city and be conveyed to consumers. To this the Review objects, on the ground that the transmission of gas though pipes over long distances is not efficient commercially and its combustion produces objectionable fumes. Naturally, the Electrical Review thinks electricity supplies the best solution of the smoke problem.

Electric generating stations erected at the coal mines could produce electricity for transmission to cities and the electricity could be converted into light, heat or power without burdening the air with objectionable residue, solid or gaseous. This is the ideal plan. "Unfortunately," the Review confesses, "we are not yet far enough advanced to carry out this plan. For various reasons electrical transmission from mine to city can today compete with the generation of power in the city in but a few instances, and there, too, the latter system will persist until it is forbidden by law or until such advances in the electrical art put it ahead of the former. This is particularly true as regards heating, for under the best conditions we are today not able to develop in our electric heaters more than 10 per cent of the heat of the fuel. When it becomes possible to deliver, say, 50 per cent of our fuel energy the smoke problem will be solved." At present we are far from this happy stage, and there is little prospect of great improvements in methods of generating power from coal. Efforts to generate electrical energy direct from fuel deserve electrical energy direct from fuel deserve electrical energy direct from fuel deserve

Thursday

The New Store
C. J. HEATH
DRY GOODS CO.
111 & Tejon St.

OUR STORE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY
THURSDAY
In Honor of Our
GREAT WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.
Look for our ad. in Friday morning's paper.

SOMETHING TO TALK ABOUT

Those New Spring Hats at

Rafield The Cloak

DAILY WEATHER RECORD

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 42 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	31
Temperature at 12 m.	51
Temperature at 6 p. m.	36
Maximum temperature	61
Minimum temperature	26
Mean temperature	45
Max. bar. pres., inches, 12 m.	23.94
Min. bar. pres., inches, 6 p. m.	23.73
Max. vel. of wind per hour	30
Min. vel. of wind per hour	6
Relative humidity at noon	18
Dew point at noon	21
Precipitation in inches	0

City Briefs

Best bed pimple ever Ashby's specialties

FINELY furnished rooms at Y. M. C. A.

CANDY PULL and fish pond at M. E. church, South, this evening at 8 p. m.

BIRTH—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, 310 North Third street.

SMALL FIRE—Fire company No. 2 was called upon to extinguish a blaze on a dump on the 1400 block of North Institute street yesterday morning.

NOT OPEN—In view of the session of the conference of colleges the Colorado college observatory will not be open this evening as is usual on Thursday evenings.

RUNAWAYS—Willie Shive and Lafe Johnson, two Denver boys, were picked up at the D. & R. G. depot yesterday and sent back to their home. They wanted to see the world on a Denver-Cripple Creek ticket.

LECTURE—Professor J. C. Shedd of Colorado college will deliver an illustrated lecture on "snow crystals" at Perkins hall on Monday evening at 8:15 o'clock. Stereopticon views will be shown in illustration of the lecture, which is one of the regular college course. The public is invited.

CENTENNIAL—Henry Russell Wray of the executive committee in charge of the centennial, has received advices from President G. H. Storer of the Sons of Colorado, to the effect that the members of that organization would attend the centennial in a body and that committees had been appointed to work for the success of the centennial.

NEW FIRM—C. J. Cary of Sayre, Penn., has purchased the interest of Mr. Schwanbeck of the firm of Hagen & Schwanbeck, 603 West Huerfano street, and a new firm, under the name of Hagen & Cary, is being incorporated to begin business the first of March. A new office has been opened at 25 East Kiowa street, where the regular business of selling coal, grain and hay will be transacted.

Leaders of Domestic Toilet Preparations

COLGATE'S TALCUM POWDERS AND VIOLET TOILET WATERS.

We get them direct from Colgate and company every month. We have just received a new, clean stock.

Also Piver's specialties Azurea Sachet and Perfume. La Trefle Sachet and Perfume.

The D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.

Successor to THE MILLER-BUTCHER DRUG CO.

Corner opp. Postoffice Phone 30.

AMUSEMENTS

SEATS FOR MODJESKA'S ENGAGEMENT.

The sale of seats for the engagement of Madame Modjeska at the Opera house next Monday evening will begin this morning. She will no doubt be greeted by a large house. The actress' good-by tour thus far has been like a triumphal procession, each city visited trying to surpass all others in the warmth with which she is greeted. Advance indications are that this city will outdo every other in the warmth of its greeting. It is this fact that has moved the Polish artiste. So loyal has been her reception everywhere, she can hardly realize that something may be added here. The tributes being paid Modjeska are proof of the universality of art. It knows neither latitude, longitude, boundaries, governments nor boundary lines. In presence of artistic power like Modjeska's the question of race does not enter. No American actress ever more completely won the hearts of playgoers in the United States than has this Polish woman. Her heroic personal qualities are as much the reason as is her art. Modjeska, the woman is as highly regarded as Modjeska the actress. Modjeska will say good-by under the most favorable circumstances. Manager Jules Murray has provided her with a splendid company and her special production of "Macbeth" is said to be unusually handsome.

ARINGTON'S COMEDIANS COMING

Arington's comedians, one of the best repertoire companies on the road, has been engaged by Manager Nye for an engagement of two weeks at the Opera house commencing Tuesday evening, February 27. The plays will be changed every day with two matinees each week. The plays will be presented with special scenery and electric effects. New specialties will be introduced between all acts. Summer prices will be charged for this engagement, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. The opening play will be Ed Thorne's celebrated play, "The Black Flag," followed by "The Little Tormentor," "M'Liss," "The World," "My Little Partner," "State's Evidence," "The Golden Giant Mine," "Moonshiner's Daughter," "My Kentucky Home," "The California Detective," "Under Two Flags," "Old Dan Tucker," "Party by the Name of Johnson," "Bosom Friend of Bowser." Reserved seats will be sold for the evening performances.

"THE OLD HOMESTEAD."

One of the strongest features of "The Old Homestead," has always been the double quartet of farm hands. We are told that several changes have been made in the singers and this season the double quartet is a great improvement on that of former years. This is saying a great deal, for in the past the beautiful singing around the well in the first act of the play has been one of the most enjoyable treats of the entire evening. "The Palms" is to be given as usual, the accompaniment being played on the grand organ carried by the company. The twentieth anniversary of "The Old Homestead" finishes a fifth of a century of one of this country's most remarkable dramatic successes. The play will be seen at the Opera House on next Saturday evening.

NOVEL FEAST TONIGHT

One of the most novel feasts of the day will be given at the First Methodist church, corner of Nevada and Boulder street, tonight from 5:30 to 8 o'clock exclusively for the men folks. It will be known as "The Feast of Many Tables." There are no less than fifty men engaged in formulating plans to make it one of the most enjoyable and pleasing entertainments of the entire city. Singing by the city's most noted musicians and many talks by speakers of note, together with a feast at seven different tables are among the attractions. The price for all is 50 cents. To miss this would be to miss something out of the ordinary. You should be there.

HEAD OFF A COLD.

It's not only disagreeable, but leads to more serious troubles. You don't want it, so head it off by taking one or two of Dr. Miles Anti-Pain Pills, as you would candy, when you feel it taking hold of you and it will make no further progress. Keep a package convenient for immediate use. 25 doses 25c. Never sold in bulk.

FRIGHTFULLY BURNED.

Chas. W. Moore, a machinist, of Ford City, Pa., had his hand frightfully burned in an electrical furnace. He applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve with the usual result: a quick and perfect cure. Greatest healer on earth for Burns, Wounds, Sores, Eczema and Piles. 25c at the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

CRIPPLE CREEK EXCURSION

Sunday, February 25, $2.50 for the round trip.

"Another Cup, Please"

That's the thought that comes to you as you finish a cup of our specially blended coffee. It is the kind that has that exquisite aroma, uniform full strength, beautiful color, and bracing tone-giving quality in every drop. Besides, a small amount of this goes further than a lot of the ordinary kind. Prove it by trying it.

W. N. BURGESS

112 and 114 N. Tejon St.

A DYSPEPTIC

or anyone suffering with CHRONIC STOMACH TROUBLE, leaving their name and address with us will receive FREE A dollar bottle of NAU'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

It is not a remedy, but a CURE. Approved and prescribed for by many prominent physicians.

We recommend it.

D. E. MONROE & CO.

Phones 311 and 331.
TEMPERANCE PHARMACY.
Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

Tastes Differ

In watches as in everything else.

Some people prefer a Waltham to an Elgin.

Some prefer an Elgin to a Waltham.

Others prefer a Hamilton to either.

And so it goes.

There is only one thing to do in a case like that—carry a very complete assortment of the various makes in the standard sizes—and that we do.

Consequently we can submit for your consideration a greater variety of dependable timekeepers than can any other jeweler in Colorado Springs.

R. ASHBY,
Optical Jeweler.

DO YOU accept tainted meat from your butcher, or sanded sugar from your grocer, or sour milk from your dairyman? You can readily detect an inferior article of food, but how about your drugs? Are you perfectly sure you are getting the best in your prescriptions?

Purity, Accuracy and Dispatch has always been our motto.

That's why we are filling so many prescriptions.

The Antlers
PHARMACY CO.
Phone 424-B.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR EYES
But come to us at once for thorough examination.
LAUTERMAN'S
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
121 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 231

Established (with the town) 1871.

HENRY LeB. WILLS.
ELLIS L. SPACKMAN.
EDWARD W. KENT.

Out West Building

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO

Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.

For Sale — Modern House of seven rooms on North Nevada Avenue; corner facing South, ... $3,000

Houses For Rent.

This Store will be closed All Day today in honor of Washington's Birthday.

Butterick Patterns

The new Butterick Patterns for March are here, also the fashion sheets containing all the new ideas for spring and summer. Come in and get me. Butterick Patterns sell on their merit.

GIDDINGS BROS
NEVADA AND TEJON STS.

New Wash Materials

Gaudy new effects in all their freshness and beauty. Beautiful Oriental organdies, shadow cotonne, cheviot and Shantung silk mull and many others. Early selection is always most desirable.

The Drapery and Carpet Section is Ready

A Magnificently Varied Assemblage from the World's Best Makers

Again time to think of draperies and floor coverings for various parts of the house. When you think of the needful things why not think about the best place to buy? We're ready for a visit from you. Nearly all the draperies and carpets are here, fresh, rich and admirable.

The best makers throughout the country have contributed to this gathering. No second grade or inferior qualities are allowed to enter this establishment. Everything must have the stamp of highest quality and the label of perfection, then we can guarantee it to you as has been the policy of this store in the past. When you come here to buy you have the satisfaction of knowing that you are getting the very best that price can produce.

New Spring Draperies

DRAPERY SILKS in beautiful light and dark coloring effects, rich Japanese designs and floral patterns of all kinds. These new silks are truly handsome, not a bad pattern in the lot. 50c, 75c and $1.00.

SHIKI SILK in plain shades of blue, green, red and brown, for drapery purposes, kimonas, dresses, etc., at $1.00

ART DENIMS in hosts of different floral designs, Bagdad effects, stripes and conventional designs, all the new spring colors at ..... 15c, 20c, 25c and 39c

CRETONNE. The new crepe effects, soft and popular for inexpensive drapery purposes. It is very rich in pattern and tone, all colors ..... 15c to 25c

MADRAS CLOTH for curtains, will be "the thing" this season. There are dozens of different patterns, the stripe, Oriental designs, Fleur de Lis, etc. White and cream ground with colored patterns 25c, 35c, 40c and up to $2.00.

EXTENSIVE showing of silk velour, silk and wool tapestry and various other materials for drapery and upholstery work.

CURTAIN SWISS in a variety of neat figures, stripes etc., at 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c and 65c.

Dotted Swiss at 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 65c and 75c.

New Carpets and Rugs

All our carpets are well matched at corners, sewed by competent sewers; in fact the work is of the best and is thoroughly guaranteed to give satisfaction.

BODY BRUSSELS CARPET in the rich new colorings and patterns, a large assortment to select from; made, lined and laid at $1.40

SMITH AND SANFORD VELVET carpet; the new spring line to choose from; made, lined and laid at $1.25

WILTON VELVETS and Middlesex Axminsters carpet, rich in pattern and tone, especially admirable designs; made, lined and laid $1.50

BIGLOW AXMINSTERS carpet, the very best manufactured, in all the new patterns; made, lined and laid $1.75

2-PLY ALL WOOL INGRAIN carpet in the new patterns and colorings. (The best to be had.) Made, lined and laid 75c

The New Made Rugs

MIDDLESEX AXMINSTERS rugs, SEAMLESS; something new, in sizes 8.3x10.6 and 9x12 at $25.00 and $28.00.

BODY BRUSSELS rugs in all the new patterns and colorings, 8.3x10.6 and 9x12 at $27.50 and $30.00.

WILTON VELVET rugs in sizes 8.3x10.6 and 9x12 at $40 and $45.

New Madras Curtains

Just the thing for spring and summer. They come in stripes of various widths and a variety of colors; also plain madras curtains with fancy borders. The prices range at $1.10, $1.25, $1.70, $2.00 and up to $3.75 a pair.

Saratoga Rugs

For the bath room a Saratoga rug, guaranteed to wash. They come in light colors of green, blue, red and pink. The sizes are 24x48, 30x60, 36x72. The prices range at $2.75, $3.75 and $5.50.

New Net Curtains

The new Brussels net curtains with the insertion and narrow edges predominating. They come in ecru and white; are refined, beautiful in their simplicity and will be popular this season; $3.00, $3.50, $4.00 and up.

The New Trimmings are here

All the new styles to trim the new spring and summer dresses. They are here; dainty, beautiful and in great profusion. The popular baby Irish and French-Irish in all the charming new patterns, new Venice lace, Oriental, princess and net top laces. There are edges, insertions and galloons, allovers, etc., in white, cream, ecru and black; also new Point d'Esprit. Whatever kind you seek come here to find that particular kind.

Rajah and Bagdad Silks

These popular and extremely stylish Rajah and Bagdad Silks for spring and summer shirt waist suits, coat suits, costumes, etc., in beautiful new shades of Alice blue, gray, reseda, navy, rose, brown, lavender and the natural color. These silks will be "the thing" this season and no woman's wardrobe should be without a dress of some sort, made of a Rajah or Bagdad silk. The Rajah is 30-inch and the Bagdad is 27-inch. The price is $1.25

THE KEYSTONE

112 S. Tejon St. Phone 136.

Our Store Closed Today

Fish Sale Tomorrow

Try a Package of

Digesto Coffee

TODAY

and note the pleasant effect—to say nothing of the very fine COFFEE TASTE. DIGESTO COFFEE is not a substitute for coffee. It is pure coffee with the harmful caffeine and tannin removed.

In 10c and 25c sealed packages.

The Antlers Pharmacy Co.

PHONE 424B.

Feed YOUR HORSE Well

and get better work from the animal. Good feed means a good horse and that's why we ask you to use our feeds.

BETTER HAY BETTER GRAIN

and at a price that will make you a steady customer.

PHONE 472-B FOR YOUR NEXT ORDER.

WM. A. NEFF

Hay, Grain, Flour, Salt, Etc. 148 South Cascade.

DON'T FORGET

The Old Fashioned Dance and Chitterling Supper

TO BE GIVEN ON

Thursday Night, Feb. 22,

At Labor Hall, 12 East Huerfano, from 8 p. m. till 1 a. m.

It's Soon Gone

Will You Get It?

5-Room Modern House,

Cost $2,000
Lot 800
$2,800

$1,600

Today's Price

CHAS. P. BENNETT

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE.

MEMBER COLORADO SPRINGS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

5 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

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